FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

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THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 125. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, AUGUST 16, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,960

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

For Almanac—August 16.

Sun Rises	5.19 A M
Sun Sets	6 49 P M
Day's Length	13 h 30 m
High Water at Southport	12.37 A M
High Water at Wilmington	2.20 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 16.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 76°, 8 p. m., 79°; maximum, 86°; minimum, 71°; mean, 78°; Rainfall for the day, 09.; rainfall for the month up to date, 1.98.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Light to heavy rains fell over the Carolinas Georgia and Alabama and central Texas during the 24 hours ended at 8 a. m. yesterday, being heaviest at Newbern, 1.29; Yemassee, S. C., 2.00, and Americus, Ga., 3.18 inches. Generally fair weather continued over the cotton belt. Maximum temperatures reported were: Wilmington, 91 degrees; Greensboro, 97; Goldsboro, 96; Weldon, 94; Charlotte and Newbern, 93; Lumberton, 93.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Fair, except local thunder storms near the coast; variable winds.

The barometer has risen on the Atlantic and Gulf coast and in the Northwest and at Rocky Mountain stations. Thunder storms are indicated for the States north of the Ohio, the Lake region, central Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys, followed by clearing, cooler weather.

Local showers are also indicated for the South Atlantic States and lower Mississippi valley.

OUTLINES.

A convention of Democratic clubs will meet in St. Louis September 30th. —— The State crop report says that with continued favorable weather the condition of crops may improve. —— The National Democratic headquarters will be established in Chicago, with a branch office in Washington City. —— The Treasury gold reserve stood at $106 070,055 yesterday. ——The steamers Three Friends and the Commodore make efforts to proceed to Cuba, but are prevented by the close watch kept on them by revenue cutters. ——Mr. and Mrs. Bryan left New York yesterday for Irvington-on-the-Hudson; Mr. Bryan expressed gratification that none of the New York papers had referred to him as an Anarchist since he arrived. —— Secretary Hoke Smith says that all Democrats should support Bryan and Sewall. —— Three large Chicago firms failed, with liabilities aggregating $320,000. ——Argument in the injunction suit against the Seaboard Air Line began at Greenville, South Carolina, yesterday, before Judge Simonton. ——Yesterday's New York markets: Money on call nominal at 3 per cent; cotton quoted dull; middling gulf 8 7-16c middling uplands 8 3 16c; Southern flour dull; common to fair extra $2 60@2 90; choice $2 60@2 90; wheat—spot dull and steady; corn—spot dull and easier; No. 2 28½c. at elevator and 29¼c. afloat; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 24 @25c; rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1.51½@1.60.

Cycler Anderson, of St. Louis, who has wheeled a mile in a minute and three seconds, is going to try to clip the three seconds off on the 22nd inst.

Triplets recently born in Indiana have been named McKinley, Hobart and Mount. The last name suggests that the old folks may think that McKinley and Hobart may have some climbing to do.

It is reported that President Cleveland may come to Washington to welcome Li Hung Chang. If Mr. Cleveland quits baiting his hooks long enough to come to Washington on that business, Li should take it as a great compliment.

The New York *Times* remarks that "Mr. Bryan is beaten. This prediction may be as well recorded now as at some later day." Just so. An editor who is fully determined to make himself ridiculous may as well do it and be done with it.

The gold organs take pleasure in the statement that the gold reserve, after which the "patriotic" bankers are now looking, is still above the $100,000,000 notch. But about $30,000,000 have been pulled out of it since July 1st, all the same.

The Monroe *Enquirer* utters the following thoroughbred Democratic sentiment: "He is a mighty poor Democrat who stands around with his hands in his pockets and prophesies the defeat of his party. He is a dastard who pretends to be a Democrat and fights his party."

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Some of our Americans have got tired waiting for free silver, so a couple of enterprising young fellows have gone over into Mexico, started a mint of their own, are coining 50-cent Mexican dollars and doing a daisy business. It is said they have already turned out about $2,500,000. That's what Senator Ransom writes Secretary Carlisle.

The New York *Advertiser* informs us that the city of Elmira, N. Y., is unable to float a loan of $95,000, owing to the "agitation" of the money question. They are playing this old chestnut too much, for the people now understand pretty well the programme of the money lenders in giving their "object lessons."

Mr. McKinley says he believes it is a great deal better to open the mills than to open the mints. But there are a great many people in this country, and the number is increasing, who believe it would be better to open both. The sooner the mints are opened the better the prospect for the mills.

A New York actress who was bathing recently was seized by an unsophisticated octopus, but the octopus dropped her when he discovered what he had tackled.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J D TAYLOR—Notice.
D. O'CONNOR—For rent.
MERCER & EVANS—Notice.
JAS D NUTT—Prescriptions.
W B COOPER—1896 mullets.
SAM'L BEAR, SR—For sale.
HALL & PEARSALL—Just in.
STR. WILMINGTON—Schedule.
HILTON PARK—Variety show.
S W SANDERS—Did you know?
J H REHDER & Co—Remnants.
H C PREMPERT'S SONS—Leaders.
JOHNSON & FORE—Clearance sale.
PEACE INSTITUTE, Raleigh, N. C.
C W YATES & Co—N Y World 1c.
C W POLVOGT & Co—Must be sold.
WORTH & WORTH—Seasonable goods
A & N C R R—Notice to stockholders
J D TAYLOR—Mortgage foreclosure.
ATLANTIC NAT'L BANK—Statement.
G R FRENCH & SON—20 per ct. discount
MASONIC—Meeting Concord Chapter.
BRADDY & GAYLORD—We are strictly in the race.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Robert S. Mebane, of Baltimore, was in the city yesterday.

— Dr. D. O. Donohue and wife, of Charlotte, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. W. W. Fry, of Hasty, N. C., was among the visitors in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Wm. L. Holden returned last night from a business visit to New York city.

— Mr. Willie Rosenthal, formerly of this city, but now of Philadelphia, is in town.

— Miss Kate Johnson is visiting the family of Mayor W. S. Cook in Fayetteville.

— Miss Georgia Anderson, of Macon, Ga., is in the city visiting Miss Mattie Freeman.

— Dr. J. H. Hardin has gone to Montreal, Canada, to attend the National Pharmaceutical Convention.

— Mr. C. G. Talbird, of Atlanta, Ga., arrived in the city last night to spend Sunday with his family at The Orton.

— Mr. W. F. Robertson and wife, and Master Frederick Robertson, returned yesterday after a month's summering at the Sound.

— Mr. George Gaylord, of the firm of Braddy & Gaylord, has returned from a week's visit to friends and relatives in Beaufort county.

— The New Hanover county Populists, Messrs. J. R. Melton, R. F. Gore, L. H. Bryant, Jackson King and L. R. and Chas. Mason, who have been attending the convention at Raleigh, returned yesterday.

— Messrs. P. S. Parker, McCall; J. C. Morgan, Douglass Hamer, Laurinburg; W. Frank Blunt, Fayetteville; De L. Thomas, Winston; J. H. Neal, Newbern; E. Porter, Rocky Point, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Howard Relief F. E. Co. No. 1.

Howard Relief Fire Engine Company will leave here next Tuesday evening at 8.20 o'clock for Salisbury, to attend the meeting of the State Firemen's Association and to take part in the tournament. They will carry about thirty members and will enter the reel team race and the engine race. They have been practicing nightly to win. The running reel race will be participated in by the following team: H. D. Oldenbuttle, buttman; William Bloom, coupling-breaker, and Messrs. H. T. Dale, Martin Schnibben, P. M. Fick, John Mohr and J. W. H. Fuchs.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— See fourth page for other new advertisements.

— Is the Hon. Demosthenes Lycurgus Russell "going up" or coming down?

— There was four feet water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, Friday at 8 a. m.

— The Raleigh National Base Ball Club (colored) will play the Blackstockings here next Thursday.

— Mr. R. W. Miles, of Richmond, assumed the management of the Postal Telegraph Company's office in this city yesterday.

— Nathan Graham, colored, was adjudged insane yesterday by a commission consisting of Dr. A. H. Harriss and Justices R. H. Bunting and Martin Newman.

— An excursion to Mount Airy, under the management of Mr. J. W. Thorburn, will leave here Tuesday, 18th inst., returning Friday, August 21st. The fare is $3.50 for the round trip.

— The Oriental Pleasure Club will give their family excursion (the last of the season) to Carolina Beach August 26th. The boat will make four trips on the last returning by moonlight.

— Miss Blanche Rueckert, the "sweet singer" of Washington, D. C., will sing this morning at St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, of which her uncle, Rev. G. D. Bernheim, is pastor, and to-night at the First Baptist Church.

— Messrs. J. H. Rehder & Co., the enterprising Brooklyn dry goods men, are making extensive improvements in their large establishment. They have increased their clerical force and are preparing for a large Fall trade.

—An alligator two feet eight inches in length was killed by Martha Davis and Mary Simpson, two colored women, on Wood street between Walnut and Red Cross streets, in rear of the City Hospital, last Friday afternoon.

— The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. N. Harriss will regret to learn of the death of their youngest son, Robert Cronly, aged six years. The funeral will take place this afternoon at 5 o'clock from St. James' Church.

— The early afternoon train on the Carolina Central arrived yesterday with four coaches filled with passengers from Charlotte and other points on the line of the road, who will enjoy the sea breeze to-day and return home to-morrow.

— Except on the question of fusion the Democratic party of North Carolina is harmonious and united, while the Republicans and Populists are on the other extreme. Then, why not abandon all talk about fusion and go to work? No party or combination of parties can defeat the Democrats in North Carolina if our people will make a straight fight.

Funeral of the Rev. J. B. Bailey.

The funeral services of the late Rev. J. B. Bailey were held last Friday at one o'clock, at Grace M. E. church, Revs. R. A. Willis, Dr. Nash, W. H. Cunningim and T. J. Browning each assisting. Messrs. W. M. Poisson, B. G. Worth, Col. Roger Moore, W. H. Shaw, J. W. Perdue and A. W. Watson were pall bearers. The remains were taken from the church to the W., N. & N. R. R., and were accompanied by the family, Rev. T. J. Browning, W. M. Poisson, J. W. Perdue and J. Sneeden to Scott's Hill, where the remains were laid to rest in the beautiful burying-ground attached to the Methodist church at that place, the burial services at the grave being performed by Revs A. R. Raven and T. J. Browning in the presence of many of his old friends and those to whom he had so often preached.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—8 casks spirits turpentine, 8 bbls tar, 12 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R R.—7 bales cotton, 65 casks spirits turpentine, 197 bbls rosin, 8 bbls tar, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—2 bales cotton, 20 casks spirits turpentine, 95 bbls rosin, 4 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—1 bale cotton, 197 casks spirits turpentine, 194 bbls rosin, 1 bbl tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 10 bales; spirits turpentine, 220 casks; rosin, 486 bbls; tar, 16 bbls; crude turpentine, 29 bbls.

Cotton Seed Oil Mill.

The Wilmington Oil Mills under the management of Mr. H. E. Wells and Superintendent W. L. Kinney, are increasing facilities to manufacture cotton seed oil this season on a larger scale than usual. They received a few days since a new engine and boiler of one hundred horse power which will be put in, in connection with the large plant which they have operated here for several years. Operations will begin in earnest about September 10th with about one hundred and fifty employes. The mill has been successfully conducted under the present management for several years and is considered one of the city's steadily growing industries.

An Electric Light Causes a Blaze in a Dry Goods Store.

Fire, caused by an incandescent electric light, damaged a lot of lace goods on a counter in Messrs. C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s store on North Front street near Market, Friday night after the store was closed. The damage is estimated at about $200. The fire went out of itself, and the fact that it had occurred was not discovered until yesterday morning.

A SENSATIONAL YARN

Told by a Man Who Claimed to be One of the Crew of the Steamer Laurada.

A stranger in the city yesterday caused quite a sensation by starting a rumor that the filibustering steamer *Laurada*, which left New York some days ago for Cuba, had been seen off Caswell, at the mouth of the Cape Fear river, and after she went out that he was sent to the city to make arrangements for her departure, the chief engineer having died of yellow fever during the voyage, and that the coal gave out. He at first went to Capt. Jeff Smith, engineer on the Sea Coast railroad, telling him the *Laurada* had been chased by the *Colfax* for ten hours and escaped capture and was now off Caswell in need of an engineer, saying that the regular engineer died at sea of yellow fever, and offering Engineer Smith one thousand dollars in gold to make the trip. Capt. Smith told him that he would land the *Laurada* safely at any port in Cuba for $3 500, half in advance. The stranger left him, saying that he would meet him later. A STAR reporter, having heard the rumor, started out to follow it up and found that the same man had visited Fowler & Morrison's office and told Mr. Rufus Penny and Mr. Nick Morris the same tale and ordered coal for the filibuster and left there saying he would secure a tug and barge to take men, coal, etc., to the *Laurada*. He didn't return and failed to keep his appointments, and his tale was naturally unbelieved. Capt. Harper was asked about the truth of his statements, having returned from Southport at three o'clock, and said he had heard nothing of the matter. It was afterwards ascertained that the stranger was from Southport and had been on an extended spree. It is needless to say that the report caused quite a sensation and much comment on the streets.

BASE BALL.

The Standing of Clubs of the National League.

Now is the time that the Clubs comprising the National League are awakening to the fact that only a short while remains before the race for the pennant of 1896 will be a thing of the past. Each club is now putting its best foot foremost, so to speak, and much better ball playing may be expected the balance of the season. Not only will the race for first position be spirited and close, but number "two" will almost be equally so, as the receipts from the games for the Temple Cup are now a most important factor in the financial affairs of the ball player having the good luck to be with a team occupying first or second place.

The standing of the clubs, including the games played yesterday, is as follows.

	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Baltimore	65	29	.691
Cincinnati	66	30	.687
Cleveland	58	35	.624
Chicago	58	41	.586
Pittsburg	58	41	.564
Boston	51	48	.548
Philadelphia	42	51	.452
Brooklyn	43	51	.457
New York	42	55	.433
Washington	36	57	.386
St. Louis	29	65	.307
Louisville	23	67	.256

CITY MARKETS.

Supplies [of Fresh Meats, Fish, Fruits and Vegetables Sufficient to Meet the Wants of Consumers.

Supplies of vegetables in the city markets are falling off, owing to the drought and the advance of the season, yet there is a sufficiency to meet demands of consumers, at prices as follows:

Vegetables—Cabbage, 5c per head; onions, 5c per quart; okra, two quarts for 5c; tomatoes, 5c per quart; sweet and Irish potatoes, 5c per quart, lima beans, 10c per quart; snap beans, 5c per quart; corn, 10c per dozen ears; egg plants, 5@10c.

Fruits—Pears, 5 and 10c per quart; peaches, 5c per quart; grapes, 15c per basket; apples, 5c per quart, watermelons, 5 to 30c apiece.

Fish—Croakers, mullets and other varieties, 5c per string; sturgeon, 5c per pound; oysters, 12½c per quart; shrimps, 5c per quart; soft shell crabs, 40c per dozen; channel crabs, 10c per dozen; clams, 10c per quart.

Meats—The butchers' stalls were filled with fresh beef, veal and mutton at prices ranging from 10 to 12½c per pound.

Dead Body of an Infant Found.

Mr. Jno. Clement and Mr. Joe F. Craig, who were returning to the city from a walk in the country last Friday afternoon, discovered the corner of a box protruding out of a sand hill between Third and Dawson streets and the W., N. & N. railroad track. Jno. and Joe had both heard of the old saying that money had been buried in that section, so, with a vim they both went to work to unearth the box, and upon opening it, to their surprise, found the body of an infant, which looked as if it had been buried about two weeks. They could not tell whether it was a white or black child, owing to its decayed condition. They returned to the city and notified the coroner, who went out and had the body re-interred.

City Court.

In the City Court yesterday Chas. Anderson, colored, charged with stealing twenty dollars from Mr. J. C. Cartrett, was committed to jail in default of $100 justified bond to await the action of the Criminal Court.

The same defendant, charged with carrying a concealed weapon, was placed under $50 bond for his appearance at the Criminal Court.

The case of Lewis Spencer, charged with attempting to prevent Police Officer Carney from making an arrest last Sunday morning, was taken up for investigation, but was left open until to-morrow at 12 o'clock noon, to allow the defendant time to have his witnesses summoned.

CONFUSION ASSURED

BY THE ACTION OF THE REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Dockery to Run With Russell—All Other Vacancies on the Ticket Filled by the Appointment of Populist Nominees—An Address Issued Advising Fusion in Counties With Populists.

[*Special Star Correspondence*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 15.

The Republican Executive Committee is in session this morning. Nothing was fully determined upon at the conference last evening.

It is learned that Senator Pritchard has thrown out some strong hints to Judge Russell that he should get out of the race, so that fusion could be arranged. The Judge was opposed to the plan of nominating Dockery for Lieutenant Governor, but it is understood that he has given his consent.

The Republicans are very much at sea. There is a growing sentiment in favor of putting out a straight ticket. The leaders are afraid to take the chances of a three-cornered fight, when fusion means a certainty.

Populists all profess to be highly delighted with the ticket put forth. Ed. Kesler says he will never attend another Populist Convention as long as Marion Butler is in the State.

If Pritchard was the boss in the Republican Convention, Butler was the Czar among the Populists. Never did a man so absolutely and openly dictate and monopolize a convention. Not a move was made without Butler's hand appeared. When he was not at the helm, he sent Walter Henry and L. C. Caldwell to turn the lever.

Cy Watson spoke to a large crowd yesterday at Littleton. This is his first speech delivered in this section of the State.

At eleven o'clock the Republican Executive Committee adjourned. It was agreed to fill the vacancies in the ticket left open by the Republican Convention with the Populist nominees; that is, Cy Thompson, Mebane, Worth, Col. Dockery and Judge Montgomery were taken. It was also decided to make the campaign headquarters here.

Hugh L. Grant was elected treasurer for the campaign.

Benj. Duke forwarded a check for $500 to C. B. Edwards of this city, as a gift to the Odd Fellows Orphan Asylum at Goldsboro. Mr. Duke is not an Odd Fellow.

Senator Butler's brother, Henry Butler, who has been connected with the *Caucasian*, leaves in a few days to take a position in the Populist headquarters at Washington, D. C.

Claude M. Bernard says the action of the Republican committee means the election of McKinley electors, and unites all elements of the party.

The Republican committee issued an address to the Republicans of the State, advising fusion in all the counties with Populists in order to elect a Republican U. S. Senator.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, Fourth street, above Bladen street, Rev. G. D. Bernheim pastor: Morning service at 11 o'clock. Sunday school at 4 p. m. No service at night. All seats free, and every person cordially invited.

St. Paul's church, Fourth and Orange streets, Rev. F. N. Skinner, rector. Services to-day at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. All seats free.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church, corner Market and Sixth streets, Rev. K. Boldt, pastor. No services to-day. Sunday school at 5 p. m.

Rev. Dr. Nash will preach at Grace church this morning and Rev. R. A. Willis to-night.

Services in St. John's church to-day at 7.45 and 11 a. m. Sermon by Dr. Strange.

Services in Seamen's Bethel to-day at 3 p. m., conducted by Rev. Dr. Carmichael. All seafaring and river men cordially invited to attend.

COLORED CHURCHES.

At the Central Baptist church, corner Seventh and Red Cross streets, Rev. L. T. Christmas, pastor. There will be services to-day at 10.30 a. m., 3 p. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Young people's union meeting at 5 p. m. Everybody welcome.

St. Stephen's A. M. E. church, corner Fifth and Red Cross streets, Rev. E. J. Gregg pastor. Preaching to-day at 10.30 a. m. by the pastor, 3 p. m. by Bro. John H. Richardson, and 8.15 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school at 4.30 p. m.

Bryan's Great Speech.

The STAR will print in two issues, Tuesday and Wednesday next, the full text of Bryan's great speech delivered in Madison Square Garden, New York. We regret the necessity of having to divide the speech, but it is too long for one issue of the STAR. Every prominent Democrat who has read it says it will prove the most effective campaign document ever issued during a Presidential canvass. The full text has not been printed in any North Carolina paper, and as there will no doubt be considerable demand for it, we will print small extra editions of the STAR Tuesday and Wednesday.

Vaudeville at Hilton Park.

It is said that a feature of the entertainment to be offered at Hilton Park next week will be the Smiths, two of the cleverest actors in the rank of vaudeville. They are musicians of ability and introduce a pleasing succession of mandolin, banjo, guitar, picolo, octerene and musette solos. This portion of their act is a novelty and distinct from other similar performances from the fact that it introduces the wide range of national airs and flags. It concludes with the "Goddess of Liberty," a pretty and pleasing tableau, enlivened by a rattling musical accompaniment and brightened by a brilliant display of colored fires.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents. This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

DO YOU TAKE IT?

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that is opposed to the single gold standard, that favors the free coinage of silver on an exact equality with gold, and that does not hesitate to speak its sentiments openly and fearlessly? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

If you will invest $1.25 in a trial subscription of three months you will have ample opportunity to form a fair judgment of the merits of THE MORNING STAR.

"WILL MAKE MEN THINK."

Ex-Governor Peck Says That the Speech of Bryan Will Carry the Country for the Democratic Ticket.

[*To W. R. Hearst, New York Journal:*]

Bryan's speech was the best I ever listened to, and I heard every word of it. It cannot help setting business men of the East to thinking of something besides the gold they never see, and to asking where the trade is that they have lost in the West and South because the people do not get enough for their crops to enable them to buy anything.

That speech carries the country for the Democratic ticket. All I want is a million copies of it to use in Wisconsin, and he can have the electoral vote.

GEORGE W. PECK,
Former Governor of Wisconsin.

Southern Lumber in Eastern Markets.

The Boston *Commercial Bulletin* says: There are but few large orders for pitch pine being placed, but the outlook is rather better than it was two or three weeks ago. The Fall may see the placement of some good sized orders, as work of magnitude is in sight.

The yard trade in pitch pine is fair and prices are maintained owing to the firm stand taken by the mills which are quite firm in their prices. North Carolina pine is more active than any other kind of lumber and prices are steady. The call for cypress is fair also.

Is This So, Judge?

There are so many political rumors afloat now that we never know whether to believe them or not. The following from the Charlotte *Observer* is one of the latest:

"On a railroad train last night was a prominent Republican politician, on his way to Raleigh, where the Republican State Executive Committee meets to-day. He was going there for conference with it, and said that Russell would be taken from the Republican ticket and Guthrie placed at its head in his stead; that this had been decided on at least a month ago."

Shelter of the Silver Cross.

The Ministering Circle of the King's Daughters received the following donations for the Shelter, during the week eaded August 15th, viz: Cash, a friend, $25.00; Mr. J. H. Hanby, 15.00; Ernest Putnam Baltzer, 1.00; Mary Ellen Short, 1.00; Magarete Short, 1.00; Mrs. Westbrook, bushel pears; Mrs. A. Liebman, 20 pies for dinner Wednesday; Whitehead & Son, coffee; a friend, crockery; Col. F. W. Foster, barrel flour; Mrs. Norwood Giles, bag rice.

DIED,

HARRISS—At 8 o'clock last evening, ROBERT CRONLY, youngest son of Geo. N. and Catherine G. Harriss, aged six years.

Friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend the funeral services at St. James' Church at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Concord Chapter No. 1, R. A. M.

COMPANIONS—The regular Convocation will be held Monday evening, August 17, at 8 o'clock.

W. A. MARTIN,
aug 16 1t Secretary.

Third Annual Excursion.

WILMINGTON TO MOUNT AIRY, OVER the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway, leaving Wilmington, Tuesday, August 18th; returning, leave Mount Airy, Friday, August 21. Three whole days in the Mountains. Rate cheaper than ever before—$3.50 for the round trip—just think of it. Nearly 500 miles. Be sure you do not miss it. You may not have another chance. For particulars see hand bill, or call on

J. W. THORBURN,
au 2 3t sun Manager.

1896 Mullets.

25 Barrels New MULLETS.
25 Cases SMOKING TOBACCO.
10 10 lb. Tubs BUTTER.
50 Cases A. & H. SODA.
20 Cases Grant's SODA.
10 Kegs Cow SODA.
10 Barrels CANDY.
50 Boxes CANDY.
Lowest possible prices.

W. B. COOPER.
aug 16 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C

We Will Continue Until September 1st Our 20 Per Cent. Discount SALE ON ALL TAN.

Lace, Button Shoes and Oxfords.

Now is the time for a bargain.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
aug 16 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Remnants

ONE TO TWELVE YARDS.

GREATEST BARGAINS IN

DIMITIES,
PIQUES,
CALICOES,
GINGHAMS,
SATEENS,
DUCKS,
Wool Dress Goods,

3 Cents Per Yard and Upwards.

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits and Pants 1-4 Off the Price.

Beautiful Crayon Portrait given away when purchases amount to $10.00. Ask for Punch Cards.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,
617 & 619 North Fourth Street.
Car fare paid on purchases of $3.00 and upwards.
aug 16 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Jute Bagging,
Arrow Ties,
Cheese, Crackers, Cakes, Salmon, Sardines, Oysters.

Full and complete stock of HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES.

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Don't fail to see us before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.
aug 6 tf

A. & N. C. R. R.

Transportation Department,
Newbern, N. C., Aug. 6, 1896.

NOTICE TO THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad Co.

BY RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF Directors:

"That Stockholders be allowed a free pass over the road from the 15th to the 25th of August, both inclusive to be issued and notice given according to resolution of August 7th, 1895."

RESOLUTION OF AUGUST 7TH, 1895.

"Notice thereof to be given providing that stockholders of record and their immediate families shall be entitled and that blanks be furnished upon application. Limit to be positive and no extension allowed."

A blank form of application will be furnished from this office the same as last year on application to the undersigned.

Only one application from each stockholder will be necessary.

S. L. DILL, Supt.

☞ NOTE that this Company's construction of a Stockholder's immediate family consists of husband and wife, and children, and such others of his household who domicile with him under his own roof and who are dependent upon him for support. au 9 tf

The Smith Vaudeville Co.

will present their unique

VARIETY SHOW
—AT—
HILTON PARK

For one week, beginning August 17. Admission 10 cents.
aug 14 1t

For Sale,

12 NEW IRON SAFES,

weight from 500 to 2,500 lbs.; different makes.

Also Several Second-Hand Safes.

Write or call on

Sam'l Bear, Sr.,
12 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.
aug 16 tf

Notice.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, COUNTY of New Hanover, in the Superior Court. Ester B. Sampson, plaintiff, vs. Henry Sampson, defendant. NOTICE.—Henry Sampson, the above named defendant, will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in the State of North Carolina, by the plaintiff for the purpose of obtaining from the defendant an absolute Divorce and complete dissolution of the bonds of matrimony. And the said Henry Sampson will further take notice that he is required to be and appear at the next term of the Superior Court of said county of New Hanover, to be held on the third Monday after the first Monday in September, 1896, i. e., on the 28th day of September, 1896, at the Court House of said county in the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in her complaint. This the 7th day of August, 1896.

JOHN D. TAYLOR,
Clerk Superior Court of New Hanover County, North Carolina.
sun au 16 6w

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 1st, trains will run the following schedule:

Leave Wilmington 6.30 a. m., 10.00 a. m. and 2.30 p. m., 5.10 p. m., 7.15 p. m.

Leave Ocean View 7.30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4 p. m., 6.10 p. m., 10 p. m.

On and after July 15th there will be no 12.30 p. m. freight train on the W. S. C. R. R. Freight will be carried at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. and 5.10 p. m.

Sunday Train—Leave Wilmington 10 a. m., 2.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View 12 m., 7 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT,
jy 18 tf Superintendent.

D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. au 15 1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW YORK "WORLD"

One Cent.

NEW YORK "JOURNAL" ONE CENT.

—ALL—

Sunday Papers 5 Cents.

During the campaign we will furnish the "World" (including SUNDAY) 11 cents per week.

"JOURNAL"

10 cents per week,

(INCLUDING SUNDAY.)

Parties out of town add 6 cents per week to above prices.

All the latest Literature, Pictorials, etc. New and standard Novels in paper 10 cents each.

Campaign Goods.

Badges, Buttons, Emblems, Mottoes, Flags, etc.

C. W. Yates & Co.,
aug 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE CELEBRATED

Bartholomay Brew. Co.,

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Best Beer In the World.

It Sells Itself On Its Merits.

Bartholomay's

ROCHESTER

BEER.

HANDLED BY ALL SALOONS

Outside the city solicited.

F. RICHTER, Agent

For Export and Draught.
my 13 tf

NOTICE.

HAVING PURCHASED THE OTHER HALF of the entire Wholesale and Retail Boot and Shoe business, known as Mercer & Evans, successors to H. C. Evans, at 118 Princess street, which includes the entire interest in said business of the late H. C. Evans, such as half of stock of Boots and Shoes, books and book accounts due and becoming due, good will, &c., and at the same time assuming all the liabilities pertaining to said firm, the undersigned will continue the business under the firm name of Mercer & Evans, at the same old stand.

Respectfully,
J. B. MERCER.

To those whose accounts are due we would respectfully say. Please pay at once. It is necessary. To those whose accounts will be due we would respectfully say: Please pay promptly when due. It is necessary. To those who have been dealing with us we would in gratitude say: Thank you, with the hope that you and we have been mutual ly benefitted, and that you will continue to wear our Shoes. It is necessary. To those who have dealt with us and feel like they did not get full value for what they paid, we would say kindly let us know it, that we may have the chance to set the matter right. It is necessary. To those who have never dealt with us we would earnestly say: When in need of Shoes give us a trial. It is necessary. To all we extend a most cordial invitation to wear our Shoes. It is necessary.

Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS,
Successors to H. C. Evans.
Wilmington, N. C., July 7, 1896. v 8 tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, New Hanover County. } Superior Court.

J. G. Barentine,
vs.
Walker Meares, Adelaide S. Meares, Eliza A. Munds, William C. Munds, Sue Kidder Meares, Margaret E. Meares, Joshua W. Meares, and W. A. Wright, Administrator de bonis non cum testamento annexo of W. A. Wright, deceased

This is an action for the foreclosure of a mortgage of both real and personal estate, situate in the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, in which the defendant, Joshua W. Meares, has an interest. And it appearing that the said defendant is a non-resident of this State, and that the Court has jurisdiction of the subject matter of the action. Now therefore this is to command the said defendant, Joshua W. Meares, to appear at the next term of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, to be held in the Court House in the city of Wilmington, on the third Monday after the first Monday in September, 1896, and answer, or demur, to the complaint in said action, or judgment will be rendered according to the complaint.

JNO. D. TAYLOR,
au 2 6t sun Clerk Superior Court.

JUST IN

A car load heavy feed Oats, in lots to suit.

Wheat, Bran, Peas, Corn, Hay &c.

We carry a heavy stock of

Snuffs and Tobaccos,

and offer all the discounts and advantages allowed by the manufacturers. Get our prices before placing orders for

GROCERIES, BAGGING AND TIES.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Nutt and Mulberry streets.
jy 14 D&W tf

SOUTHPORT AND CAROLINA BEACH

SCHEDULE.

STEAMER WILMINGTON.

	For Southport.	For Carolina Beach.			
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M	P. M.
MONDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
TUESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
WEDNESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
THURSDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
FRIDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
SATURDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
SUNDAY	.....	.....	10 00	2 30	.....

Schedule for return see Black Board at the Beach. Fare to Beach and return 50c. Fare on 5, 15 to the Pier and return 15 cents.

jn 7 tf J. W. HARPER.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, AUG. 16, 1896

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

THEY WILL BE ELECTED.

FOR GOVERNOR:
CYRUS B. WATSON,
of Forsyth.
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
THOMAS W. MASON,
of Northampton.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
CHARLES M. COOKE,
of Franklin.
FOR STATE TREASURER:
B. F. AYCOCK,
of Wayne.
FOR STATE AUDITOR:
R. M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.
FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
F. I OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.
ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT:
A. C. AVERY, of Burke.
GEO. H. BROWN, Jr., of Beaufort.

☞ "You tell us the great cities are in favor of the gold standard. Burn down your great cities and leave your farms, and your cities will grow up again. But destroy our farms and the grass will grow in every city of the Union."—From Wm. J. Bryan's speech before Democratic National Convention.

☞ "I am for McKinley, Russell and Gold," says Oscar J. Spears, one of the Republican candidates for Elector-at-Large.

☞ "I desire to meet Mr. Russell on the hustings of North Carolina. I want the people to hear us and decide between me and what I represent, and what I think he represents. With their decision I shall be content. If elected Governor of your State, I shall see that every man, no matter what his station in life or what his politics, is given every privilege granted him by the Constitution of North Carolina." —*Cyrus B. Watson, Democratic candidate for Governor.*

A DISHONEST DOLLAR.

Mr. Bryan in his speech in Madison Square Garden did not give utterance to a new thought but he did give utterance to an undisputable truth when he declared that "a dollar which increases in purchasing power is just as dishonest as a dollar which decreases in purchasing power;" in other words, the dollar which by forcing its value up buys too much is as dishonest as the dollar which, by forcing its value down, buys too little. The honest dollar, of whatever it may be made, is the dollar which bears its just relation to the things bought and paid for with dollars, and does not depend for its value on legislation or other discrimination against other dollars which form a part of the world's volume of money.

If there is more to sell than the people have the means to buy prices will be low, regardless of the supply, and if money is abundant to buy prices will be high, regardless of the supply, because people will buy more freely. There is always a corresponding relation between the volume of things sold and the volume of money, for things sold buy money just as money buy things sold. When a man exchanges a bushel of wheat for two bushels of corn he simply buys two bushels of corn with one bushel of wheat, and when he exchanges two bushels of wheat for a dollar he simply buys a dollar with two bushels of wheat. All trade or commerce is merely the exchange of one thing of value for another thing of value, the coined metal being adopted as a convenient agent of exchange, to facilitate transactions between individuals and nations.

As a matter of fact there is no such thing as a dishonest dollar unless that dollar is legislated out of its relative position to other dollars and to the things which are bought with dollars, which is shown by the fact that until the metallic dollars of the world began to be tampered with by legislation inspired by men who were interested in appreciating the value of one kind of dollars and depreciating another kind, the coined money of the world maintained a pretty uniform relative value, the fluctuation being trifling and temporary, and generally the result of conditions that didn't last very long.

We hear much about paying debts in dishonest dollars and the national honor that requires that national obligations should be discharged in honest dollars. No one will dispute this, for all debts should be discharged in honest dollars, but every dollar which was an honest dollar when the debt was contracted and before it was tampered with remains an honest dollar. It is only the man who would make another dollar dishonest by appreciating its value that would call it a dishonest dollar.

Up to 1816, just after the Napoleonic wars, Great Britain had contracted a very large national debt. Every dollar of that debt was payable in coin of the realm. When silver was demonetized that debt was doubled, and the British taxpayers have since borne a double burden. For whom? For the benefit of the Shylocks who became the creditors of the Government and speculated on its emergencies just as the bondholders who took advantage of the necessities of the Government of the United States and speculated on them during the war between the States.

Up to 1873 every debt in the United States, public and private, was payable in lawful money of the United States—the United States exercising the option as to which kind of money they would pay. There was no scramble for any particular kind of money then, for one kind was as good as another. They maintained their own parity, and the Government found no trouble in meeting its obligations. When they demonetized silver in 1873 they practically doubled the national debt just as they did in England in 1816 and practically doubled every individual debt existing at that time. For whom? For a small number of men who held the bonds of the Government and the bulk of debts due by the people, to money-lending individuals and corporations. The people didn't complain a s much of that dishonesty then as they have since for they didn't feel its full significance nor its crushing force then as they have since felt it. But the demonetizers made the gold dollar a dishonest dollar all the same, and that is what they are trying to continue it.

If silver had never been a good and lawful money in the United States, or was not a good and lawful money when the national debt and so much State, county, municipal and individual indebtedness was contracted, there might be some relevancy in the talk of dishonest dollars, but when it is simply demanded that the silver dollar, which was good and lawful money then, be reinstated and made the same good and lawful money it then was, it is simply the wildest audacity of assertion to characterize it as dishonest money.

MINOR MENTION.

We clip the following from last week's report of the trade situation by *Bradstreet's*':

"The most significant feature was higher rates for money early in the week; some difficulty in obtaining the immediate money. This disappeared with a manifest reaction against the free silver sentiment which followed the silver demonstrations at New York August 12."

This is a significant statement, showing that while money was tight and hard to get early in the week, it became easier later, the reason assigned being the "reaction against the free silver sentiment which followed the silver demonstration at New York August 12." This is the first announcement we have seen of a "reaction" after the "silver demonstration," by which we suppose is meant the meeting at Madison Square Garden, but it is an admission of two facts, one of which is that the money in that great money center is controlled by men who can squeeze or make the market easy as they choose, who control the money in circulation, to control political sentiment, and the other is that there was, previous to this "silver demonstration," a formidable free silver sentiment in this great money center, a fact which the gold organs of that city either studiously concealed or persistently denied. These are two facts well worthy of note, but especially the former, which shows how the money-manipulators are banded together and how they work in concert to use the money which they control to carry out the policies in which they are interested, regardless of how the country may suffer by their operations. Isn't this an "object lesson" for the American people? Isn't it a powerful argument against the money system which puts it in the power of a few men in one or more of the money centers to lock up the money, strangle trade and our industries, and bring disasters and suffering to the people? And this is the condition that these money-kings and the agents who represent them and do their bidding are endeavoring to perpetuate, and to perpetuate which they are banded together and have pledged more money for campaign purposes than was ever pledged in a political campaign in this country.

***

The late Populist Convention at Raleigh presented an interesting object lesson—interesting because of the clash and strife between rival leaders who struggled for the mastery, and an object lesson in the bartering and dickering spirit that characterized it from beginning to end, which disgusted those of them who could not stomach it, and which even those who were responsible for it felt it necessary to apologize for on the ground that it was the only way to win. Senator Butler, whom Chairman Skinner denounced as the boss who ran the machine, laid his plans, apparently without consultation with other "leaders" of "influence" in the party and ran roughshod over them. They kicked, protested, whined and were whipped, and must go back to their constituents with their crests lowered and confess what they acknowledged in the convention that Butler ran over them and trampled on them. This, be it remembered, was a convention which professed to be governed by principle giving the lie to its professions by haggling and squabbling over the dickering they were doing and abusing each other like a gang of cheap John rivals. What must the honest, self-respecting men of that party think of this degrading public exhibition by their so called leaders and representatives?

***

Abraham Lincoln was not a prophet and he didn't pose as a prophet, but Abraham Lincoln lived in the days when the great combinations and corporate organizations were being formed, which soon began to show their power in politics and in the manipulation of the financial and other policies of the Government. He saw all this, and being a man of the people, as he was, with the eye of a seer he looked into the future, and thus unbosomed his thoughts and his fears to a friend who in 1865 congratulated him on the prospective restoration of peace and the preservation of the Union:

Yes, we may congratulate ourselves that this cruel war is nearing its close. It has cost a vast amount of treasure and blood. It has been, indeed, a trying hour for the republic; but I see in the near future a crisis approaching that unnerves me and causes me to tremble for the safety of my country. As a result of the war, coporations have been enthroned and an era of corruption in high places will follow, and the money power of the country will endeavor to prolong its reign by working upon the prejudices of the people until all the wealth is aggregated and the republic destroyed. I feel at this moment more anxiety for the safety of my country than ever before, even in the midst of war. God grant that my suspicions may prove groundless.

Nothing written of the future contains more of the spirit of prophecy than this, and no prophecy ever made as to coming events in the political world has been more literally verified.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The man who attempts to talk tariff in this campaign is pretty apt to get hit with either a gold or silver brick, and knowing this the friends of McKinley are giving him a timely warning.—*New Orleans States, Dem.*

—— William P. St. John said with much force at the Cooper Union meeting: "I have devoted twelve years of research to this question, and I would stake my life, as I would if going into battle, on the election of Bryan and Sewall and the success of free coinage."—*N. Y. Mercury, Dem.*

—— Paying Americans in the United States with Mexican money is said to be for the purpose of teaching and enforcing a lesson; but the only lesson really taught is that every government makes the money for its own people, not for other countries and other people. That is all. It is simply dishonest to pretend that it is more or different.—*Norfolk Pilot, Prohib.*

—— Some of the Republican newspapers in the North are adopting the plan of belittling Bryan and Sewall and the Democratic campaign, ridiculing free silver and laughing at those who advocate it. They are doing themselves harm. You cannot fight a strong political movement by laughing at it or at its principles, and nothing will better serve the free silver advocates of the West and South than such a policy. It is evidently the deliberate course of Mr. Hanna and his associates to treat the agitation in the country as a matter of small moment and to harp on the tariff and other side issues continually.—*Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Jonesboro *Progress*: Mrs. D. T. Buchanan, of Sanford, died Saturday morning, the 8th inst., aged 38 years.

— Columbus *Times*: Mr. W. W. Cook has completed the work of boring a deep well for Mr. Sabiston, and at the depth of 195 feet struck a flow of excellent water.

— Wilson *Times*: We regret the death of Miss Mamie Bullock, which sad event occurred at the home of her father, Mr. Jno. Bullock, near this city, last Wednesday afternoon. She was about twenty-two years of age. —— A very sad death occurred in this county this week Mrs. Orphie Applewhite, an estimable lady, greatly loved and respected by the community, died almost suddenly at the home of her son. She was almost ninety years of age and was in excellent health a very short time before her death, which was caused by a hemorrhage.

— Concord *Standard*: It will be remembered that on last Christmas day, at Wallace's store, in No. 3 township, this county, one of the most daring murders ever committed in this section was enacted when Henry Yorke, a burly, desperate negro, turned upon his crony, John Steele, and shot him to death and immediately left the community and has ever since, until yesterday, eluded the officials. He was captured Wednesday morning at Mt. Airy by a Mr. Painter, who has been on Yorke's track for several weeks. The negro was a terror to the community in which he lived, and after shooting down his companion he defied anyone to come near him lest they be murdered likewise.

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Bone, Presiding Elder.

Elizabeth circuit, Purdie's, August 15, 16.

Magnolia circuit, Trinity, August 22, 23.

Bladen circuit, Bethel, August 29, 30.

Clinton circuit, Kendall's, September 5, 6.

Mission, Haw Branch, September 12, 13.

Onslow circuit, Swansboro, September 19, 20.

—The Lord leads His children sometimes through dark and stormy places. But He does not ask us to go where he has not gone. And in every storm he gives a "peace that passeth all understanding" to the heart that is open and trustful. Then reach up the feeble hand and grasp one that is Omnipotent and feel that he is leading under all circumstances.—*Greensboro Christian Advocate.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood, overcomes that tired feeling, creates an appetite, and gives refreshing sleep. †

BE CAREFUL WHAT YOU SAY.

In speaking of a person's faults
Pray don't forget your own;
Remember, those with homes of glass,
Should seldom throw a stone.
If we have nothing else to do
But talk of those who sin,
'Tis better we commence at home,
And from that point begin.

We have no right to judge a man,
Until he's fairly tried;
Should we not like his company,
We know the world is wide.
Some may have faults—and who has not?
The old as well as young;
Perhaps we may for aught we know,
Have fifty to their one.

I'll tell you of a better plan—
You'll find it works full well;
To try your own defects to cure
Before you others' tell.
And though I sometimes hope to be
No worse than some I know,
My own shortcomings bid me let
The faults of others go.

Then let us all when we commence
To slander friend or foe,
Think of the harm one word may do,
To those we little know.
Remember curses, sometimes like
Our chickens, "Roost at home."
Don't speak of others' faults until
We have none of our own.

—*Minneapolis Telegram.*

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Life appears to me too short to be spent in nursing animosity or registering wrongs.—*Bronte.*

— Self-will is so ardent and active that it will break a world to pieces to make a stool to sit on.—*Cecil.*

— We are not to be heard for our much speaking, but we are not taught that the less we pray the more we will get.

— "To morrow"—Satan's shrewdest suggestion—lets down the conscience easily to the point where it can move an indefinite postponement.

— Observe what direction your thoughts and feelings most readily take when you are alone, and then you will form a tolerably correct opinion of your real self.

— Fret not thyself because of unjust critics join not their ignoble ranks, correct their untrue statements if necessary, but, above all, ever refute them by the noble actions of a noble life.—*Golden Rule.*

— A truly brave and honest man will not make a veiled charge against another, and then when he is called upon to furnish evidence of the truth of his charge, dodge the issue by saying, "I meant somebody else."—*Baltimore Advocate.*

— There is no house on the shores of time which the waves will not wash away; there is no path here which the foot of disappointment will not tread; there is no sanctuary here which sorrow will not invade. There is a home provided for the soul, but you can reach it only by living for God; to none others than those who thus live will its doors be opened.—*Rev John Todd*

TWINKLINGS.

— Bob Ingersoll is right, there is no place that is hotter than this.—*Chicago Dispatch.*

— He—"Do you really think Jack is in love with you?" She—"Certainly. I have the most positive proof. He never knows whether my hat is on straight or not."—*Buffalo Times.*

— Mamie—"I hope you didn't let that Mr. Huggins put his arm about you."

Mabel—"Why? Is there anything the matter with his arm?"—*Wash. Star.*

— "I have been informed that your first attempt at a long-distance ride on your wheel turned out to be a highly dramatic affair."

"Very. I had to walk back."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

"Isn't that a fine pig, madame?

It's wonderful. When it's asleep it snores in a way that would make you think it was my husband.—*Journal Amusant.*

Sleeping In Church.

"Shut the doors!" cried Father Andre one day to the Swiss on duty, when he observed the archbishop of Paris asleep during his discourse. "Shut the doors; the shepherd is asleep; the sheep will get out." "Some men preach," said Sydney Smith, "as if they thought sin was to be taken out of a man as Eve was taken out of Adam, by casting him into a profound slumber." So, at any rate, thought not South, who, preaching one day at Whitehall, observed King Charles II and several of his attendants asleep. Stooping down, he cried out to one of the delinquents, "My Lord, I am sorry to interrupt you, but if you snore so loud you will wake the king." His majesty thereupon awoke, and turning to his neighbor remarked, with his customary good nature: "This man must be made a bishop. Remind me of the next vacancy."

Latimer speaks of a woman who suffered from insomnia, and who, all soporifics having failed, was taken to the Church of St. Thomas of Acres, when she fell at once into a refreshing slumber. Lapenius, chaplain of the Danish court (1662), noticed that a large part of the congregation fell asleep during the sermon, suddenly stopped, and pulling from his pocket a shuttlecock commenced to play with it. The strange device, we are assured, had the desired effect.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

General Marceau.

General Marceau was not the only soldier of the revolution against whom no accusation of cruelty or barbarity has been leveled, but he was the most conspicuous perhaps from the fact that his efforts on the side of mercy never brought about his own ruin. Almost every battle in which he was engaged might have furnished an excuse for leading him to the guillotine in the footsteps of his old friends and commanders, Dillon and Biron, and yet, in spite of his many enemies and the fierce jealousy which he excited, he managed to keep his head on his shoulders while many another, far less suspected, fell.

And this brings us to a question which can hardly fail to force itself upon our attention. How was it that Marceau, as a humane and honorable gentleman, could bring himself to serve under the orders of Rossignol and Turreau? One can only say that he made a rare proof of his patriotism in not deserting his post. One knows what he felt about the successful campaign in La Vendee from a letter which he addressed to his sister Emira—the sister to whom he poured out all his confidences—when she wrote to congratulate him on his brilliant victories at Le Mans and Savenay:

"What, my dear sister, do you congratulate me on these two battles, or rather these two massacres and do you really wish to have a leaf from my laurels? Do you not know that they are stained and soiled with human blood, with the blood, moreover, of our fellow countrymen? I shall not return to La Vendee. It is painful to me to have to fight against Frenchmen." — London Spectator.

Why the New Girl Went.

Husband (wearily)—Well, what was the matter with this girl?

Wife—She was too precise. This evening I rang for her, and when she came I said, "I rang for lights," and she said, "Oh, I thought you rang for me."—Philadelphia American.

A PROBLEM SOLVED.

TWO CHICAGO WOMEN SETTLE THE SERVANT GIRL QUESTION.

A Novel Scheme Which Works Well and Satisfies Both Employer and Employed. If You Can Find the Right Girl Give the Plan a Trial.

There is at least one woman in Chicago who has solved the question of household help to her satisfaction, and there is one girl who feels satisfied with her position.

The woman in question had tried all kinds of help, from the raw Swedish or Irish article to the clever American, who knew far too much to be a good maid, and she was in despair. She was not exactly an invalid, but she was rather delicate, and she needed an assistant who could be depended upon to look after things during her illness or in her absence from home. Then, too, she was much alone, and sometimes she felt the need of companionship which all childless housekeepers have experienced. Impertinence, slackness, poor work and undue familiarity had been the only results she had obtained in her efforts toward elevating the freaks with whom she labored. Still her faith in her sex remained triumphant, and she was as positive as ever that the girl she was seeking existed somewhere. Just how to find her she did not know.

"Why don't you begin at the other end of the problem?" her husband suggested. "Seems to me that you might find plenty of nice girls who would be willing to do the work if you paid them well enough, and who would be companionable enough, too, if you treated them nicely."

"But I should have to make such a girl as you speak of one of the family," she said dubiously.

"Well, why not?" said the husband, with all a man's disregard of conventionality. "A real nice girl, who would be nice enough for you to take to and make a companion of while I am away, would have sufficient good taste not to be in the way when I am at home, and that's what you are afraid of, I know."

The wife made no answer, but the following week she inserted an advertisement in a morning paper and awaited results. The advertisement read as follows:

Wanted—A nice, companionable young lady to do general housework (no washing) for a family of two. Must be refined and quiet.

Now, it happened that the very girl she longed for saw and answered her advertisement. The girl had come to Chicago more than a year before, and being untrained had taken a position in a necktie factory. By dint of constant work she had reached a salary of $8 a week, but she had ruined her health. To do more than live upon her salary she found impossible, for good board in a refined household could not be had for less than $5 a week. Car fare and lunches consumed another $1.50, and to dress upon the scanty balance would be impossible so soon as the wardrobe which she had brought with her was worn out. She had no home, no friends, and nothing to fall back upon. The advertisement of the woman who wanted an exceptional household assistant suggested a new though startling idea to the girl, who had never dreamed of working in any kitchen save her mother's or her own. Still, after a little hesitation she answered the advertisement.

Her letter pleased the housekeeper who had advertised, and after an interview they were mutually pleased.

All this happened more than a year ago, and they are still pleased. The girl has a room nearly as good as that of the mistress of the house. Many of her employers' friends are her friends, and when these friends call upon her she receives them in the parlor. Her employers never dream of speaking of her to strangers by her first name. When her employers are absent from home, she is at liberty to invite some one to stay with her, and she often accompanies her employers to social or church entertainments.

On the other hand, the girl does the household work as it has never been done before, with touches of dainty attention which are constant surprises to her employers. She takes all the cares of housekeeping off the shoulders of her mistress and does not grudge the time spent in preparing dainty meals. She does the work in her own fashion and at her own time, and she does not insist upon being with her employers at all times. Her own room is quite pleasant enough to spend an evening in now and then, and she realizes that the most delightful guest is better appreciated for occasional absences. She sits with them at meals when they are quite alone, looking after the table service, of course, but when guests are present she prefers to wait upon them. She prides herself upon being always neat, and she never appears in company uninvited, although frequently assured of her invariable welcome.

Both employers and employee treat one another with the courtesy and consideration due from one refined person to another, and the only cloud upon the horizon is due to the attentions of a certain young friend of the family who is supposed to be desirous of transplanting the happy girl to a home of her own—and his. Both the girl and her employers think they have solved the problem of household assistance, and the experiment is certainly worth trying by other troubled housekeepers.—Chicago Record.

He Wanted to Be Prepared.

Johnny—Father, don't you think I had better drop all my studies at school except arithmetic?

Father—Certainly not, my boy. What would you do that for?

Johnny—Why, I heard mother say that you would be a horrible example for me some day, and I thought I'd better get posted up!—Detroit Free Press.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Cripple

The iron grasp of scrofula has no mercy upon its victims. This demon of the blood is often not satisfied with causing dreadful sores, but racks the body with the pains of rheumatism until Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

"Nearly four years ago I became afflicted with scrofula and rheumatism.

Made

Running sores broke out on my thighs. Pieces of bone came out and an operation was contemplated. I had rheumatism in my legs, drawn up out of shape. I lost appetite, could not sleep, I was a perfect wreck. I continued to grow worse and finally gave up the doctor's treatment to

Well

take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon appetite came back; the sores commenced to heal. My limbs straightened out and I threw away my crutches. I am now stout and hearty and am farming, whereas four years ago I was a cripple. I gladly recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." URBAN HAMMOND, Table Grove, Illinois.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

LITTLE NELL—"What's the matter?"
LITTLE DICK—"Pop caught me smoking, and he's going to lick me."
LITTLE NELL—"When?"
LITTLE DICK—"Quick as he gets through smoking 'Pick Leaf.'"

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

— Mrs. Sequel—I understand your husband can't meet his creditors.

Mrs. Equal—I don't believe he wants to, especially.—*Truth.*

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev J Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich, we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery, it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at R R BELLAMY'S drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	4	@	4¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	4
BARRELS—Spirit Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	23	@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	@	42½
Virginia Meal	40	@	42½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 30
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	22
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE ℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
Skim		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	13	@	17
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	6¾
Yarns ℔ bunch	18	@	65
EGGS—℔ dozen	9	@	9
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	23 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N C Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" extra	3 85	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 00
Choice	3 25	@	3 25
Straight	4 15	@	4 50
First Patent	4 45	@	4 47
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½@9		
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			45
Corn, from store, bags—White,	45	@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	43½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	40
Oats, from store	30	@	33½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	40
Cow Peas	40	@	
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Eastern		@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	3¼
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME ℔ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (ei y sawed), ℔ M fee—			
Shop Stuff resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	32 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	32
" " in bbls		@	33
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	29
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	18	@	
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 35	@	2 64
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City mess		@	8 00
Rump		@	7 50
Prime		@	7 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Labon		@	
American		@	85
On 125 ℔ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 80	@	2 25
Cypress Sap	3 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu		@	4½
Standard A		@	4¾
White Ex C		@	4¼
Ex C, Golden		@	4¼
Yellow		@	3
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	6
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 52
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	5	@	
WHISKEY ℔ gallon—North'n	1 10	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, ℔ ℔—Washed	13	@	14
Unwashed	9	@	10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 15.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market dull at 23½ [cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 21½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 32½ per bbl for Strained and $1 37½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Steady. Hard 1.20, Yellow Dip 1.55, Virgin 1.65 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25½@24½c; rosin, strained, $1 15; good strained $1 20; tar $1 35; crude turpentine 1 10, 1 50, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	220
Rosin	486
Tar	16
Crude Turpentine	19

Receipts same day last year—193 casks spirits turpentine, 449 bbls rosin 193 bbls tar, 36 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7½c for middling.

Same day last year, middling 7¼c.

Receipts—10 bales; same day last year, 4.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady. Hams, 9 to 10c per pound; Soulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.50 to 3.50; seven inch; $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 15—Evening.—Money on call to-day was nominal at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange was dull; actual business in bankers bills at 486½ for sixty days and 487@487½ for demand. Commercial bills were 485½@486. Government bonds higher; United States coupon fours 106½; United States twos 98. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 95; North Carolina sixes 110. Railroad bonds were easier.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was weak.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15—Evening.—Cotton dull; middling gulf 8 7-16c; middling uplands 8 3-16c.

Cotton futures closed quiet and steady; August 7 84, September 7 58, October 7 64, November 7 61, December 7 66, January 7 69, February 7 73, March 7 78, April 7 82. Sales 78,609 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross — bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded — bales; sales — bales; sales to spinners 248 bales; stock (actual) 67,495 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 3,972 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,586 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; stock 138,897 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 5,184,245 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,257,067 bales; exports to France 466,568 bales; exports to the Continent 1,784,804 bales.

Flour dull, steady and unchanged; Southern flour dull and unchanged; common to fair extra $3 00@3 60; good to choice $3 60@3 90. Wheat—spot dull and steady; options opened firm and advanced ½@⅝c, declined ½@⅝c and closed steady at unchanged quotations; No. 2 red August 61⅞c; September 63c; October 63c; November 64½c; December 64⅝c; May 68⅝c. Corn—spot dull, easier; No. 2 28½c at elevator and 29¼c afloat; options were dull and closed weak at ½c decline; August 28½c; September 28¼c; October 29c; December —c; May 30c. Oats—spot quiet and strong; options dull, nominal and unchanged; August 21c; September 20⅝c; spot—No. 2, 21½c; No. 2 white 25c; mixed Western 21½@23c. Hay quiet, steady; shipping 63½@65c; good to choice 90@95c. Lard quiet, steady; Western steam $3 67½; city $3 25; September $3 55; refined lard quiet and steady; Continent $4 15; South America $4 60; compound $3 87½@4 13½. Pork quiet and steady; old mess $8 00@8 25; new $8 00@8 75. Butter was quiet and firm at prices; State dairy 10@15c; do. creamery 11½@16c; Western dairy 9@13c; do creamery —c; Elgins —. Eggs steady and quiet; State and Pennsylvania 13@13½c; Western fresh 11@12c; do. per case $3 00@3 50. Cotton seed oil steady and quiet, crude 19@30, yellow 23½@33c. Rice steady, quiet; domestic, fair to extra 3@5⅝c; Japan 4@4¼c. Molasses was quoted firm; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice 27@37c. Peanuts steady, quiet; fancy hand-picked 4@4½. Coffee steady and 15 points up; October $9 40, December $9 15; March $9 05; spot Rio was was dull and easy; No. 7, $10 75. Sugar—raw quiet and steady; fair refining —; refined dull and unchanged.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Cash quotations: Flour quiet, steady, unchanged. Wheat—No. 2 spring 58¾@61⅜; No. 2 red 58½@59⅝. Corn—No 2, 22¼@22½c. Oats—No 2, 16@16¼c. Mess pork, per bbl, 6 10@6 55. Lard, per 100 lbs, $3 22½@3 27½. Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs, $3 30@3 40. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs, $3 75@4 00. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs $3 62½@3 75. Whiskey $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest lowest and closing. Wheat—August 54¼, 54¾, 53⅞, 54¼; September 55, 55½, 54¼@54¾, 55c; December 58¾@58¾, 58¾, 58¼@58¾, 58⅝c. Corn—August 22½, 23⅜, 22@23⅛, 23¼; September

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep natural. Castoria contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

What is Castoria

Castoria is a Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C. A. S. T. O. R. I.

CASTORIA

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S

is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

cd 4 1y

"THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE

IS HAPPY, FRUITFUL MARRIAGE."

Every Man Who Would Know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the New Discoveries of Medical Science as Applied to Married Life, Who Would Atone for Past Errors and Avoid Future Pitfalls, Should Secure the Wonderful Little Book Called "Complete Manhood, and How to Attain It."

"Here at last is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with this generation of men."

The book fully describes a method by which to attain full vigor and manly power.

A method by which to end all unnatural drains on the system.

CUPID AND PSYCHE

To cure nervousness, lack of self-control, despondency, &c.

To exchange a jaded and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power.

To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry, &c.

To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Age no barrier. Failure impossible. Two thousand references.

The book is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to men only who need it.

A despairing man, who had applied to us, soon after wrote:

"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just bubbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday, and my new self was born to-day. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"

And another thus:

"If you dumped a cart load of gold at my feet it would not bring such gladness into my life as your method has done."

Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, Buffalo, N. Y., and ask for the little book called "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Refer to this paper, and the company promises to send the book, in sealed envelope, without any marks, and entirely free, until it is well introduced.

a 25 D&W 1y till July 28 su tu th

Frank H Stedman. Jas. S. Worth

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

The Morning Star.

OH, THAT HEARTS MIGHT FOLLOW!

Where the swift winged swallow
Flies his mate may follow,
Over land and ever sea.
To the plague where peacefully
Summer reigns with fruit and flower,
Not for days, nor for an hour,
But is always throned there
In the balmy, song filled air.
Where the swift winged swallow
Flies his mate may follow.
Nesting on the selfsame bough,
White with blossoms as with snow.
But when to the unknown land—
Land of sleep whose wondrous strand
Means a sea forever sleeping,
Sea whose waves are only weeping—
Thou, my love, hast fled, I follow
Never, never like the swallow.

But amid those fields so sweet,
Where the clover blossoms meet
In a mass of splendid flame,
Here, alone, I call thy name,
With an empty echo crying
Back my words and no replying
From the lips I loved to kiss.
Loved one, this, and only this—
I am left alone to grieve,
While the memories never leave
Of the days when we together
Wandered through life's sunny weather.
Oh, that I had wings to follow
Like thy strong wings, happy swallow!
But, my heart, take courage now.
Though thy mate hath left the bough
Yet some day, as flies the swallow,
Thou, true heart, thy mate shall follow.
—Brainerd Prescott Emery in Happenchance.

I AM GUILTY.

It is a trite old saying that there can be no love without jealousy. I was passionately attached to my wife and I will freely confess that I was madly jealous of her, and with good cause it would seem. One day I met her out talking to a strange man, who moved hastily away on my approach. She was confused, agitated, and when I taxed her with it refused to tell me who he was. His name was Leeson—that was all she would say. Constraint and mistrust rose up between us then, and we bade a long farewell to happiness.

It came to a terrible crisis when one day, returning home at an unexpected time. I found him in my house. I overheard a part of their interview, beheld the passionate kiss of farewell, and wild, mad, distracted, I rushed into the street. Here I met Clement Grimston, to whom I poured forth all my wrongs. He said he knew something of this man Leeson, and would take me to a little public house in Rotherhithe, where I might meet him and demand an explanation, but at the same time implored me to do nothing rash.

All that day I steeped my senses in strong drink, the fool's Lethe, wherein he drowns all his troubles. I saw Grimston again, and at night we went to Rotherhithe. It was a low, horrible den, and it is strange what one who appeared a gentleman could be doing there. I met him, but by this time I was so mad and blind with drink and with passion that all that followed is an utter blank to me.

When at last I returned to complete consciousness, the first faint gray streaks of morning light were peeping between the blinds, and I lay on a couch in my own house. The only other occupant of the room was Clement Grimston, who paced restlessly up and down.

"What is the matter?" I cried, passing my hand over my brow. "What has happened? Ah, I remember, dimly. Where is Adela?"

"She is gone."

"Not with ——! Oh, what happened last night? I can't remember. What a fool I was to drink like that! Tell me, Grimson, for heaven's sake, tell me!"

"Don't you really remember?" he asked slowly as he gazed down steadfastly at me.

"No."

"You met Eric Leeson. You had a terrible quarrel. You were so drunk you seemed unconscious of what you said or did. I tried to restrain you. You would not listen to me, and then"—

"Then what?" I demanded, starting to my feet.

There was a pause. We looked at each other, I stupidly helpless, he with a solemn pity and sorrow in his eyes.

"Yes, what then?" I exclaimed again.

He laid his hands upon my shoulders, and bending forward whispered:

"Then you shot him dead!"

* * * * * * *

I have left the country. I am dwelling by myself in a lonely hut high up among the Swiss Alps. I did not see my wife before I left home. Thank heaven for that! How could I bid her farewell? Is she not faithless to me, and am I not guilty—guilty of murder?

Clement Grimston was truly a friend in need to me in my present horrible situation. He had managed to get me away from the public house at Rotherhithe before my crime was discovered—before I was conscious of it myself—and he again it was who helped me to leave England.

I provided myself with money enough for my few simple necessities. Adela has means of her own and will want for nothing, whatever may befall her. It is best she should think me dead—lost to her forever. I am no longer Oswald Lestrange. I have changed my identity. Would to God I could so easily change the past! I am indeed dead to the world. I never speak to a soul, save now and then the shepherds and peasants of the mountain land. When the English travelers pass near my retreat, I shun them as I would a pestilence.

Then there are the terrible nights when I wake up in a sweat from some ghastly nightmare—but not more ghastly than the reality—wake up in an agony of remorse for the human life which I have taken. And then another terrible thought generally follows upon this: Suppose I should have made a mistake? Suppose Adela could have explained had I given her time? Suppose she should have been guiltless? Ah, heaven! What difference can that make now? None, save to intensify my suffering and remorse. I never dare approach her again. I must remain dead to her, for I—I am guilty! Ah, poor Adela, how I loved her once—aye, and love her as much still, God help me!

How can I go on leading this existence? How is it all to end—this living death, this self inflicted expiation of a crime? I often wonder. Yet here I have dragged out three horrible, weary years—three years that have seemed to me like an eternity.

One day in my lonely wanderings I came upon a spot where some tourists had been lunching. They had left a newspaper behind them. Mechanically I took it up. It was a London daily, now some three or four weeks old. With eager longing I read the news. It was the first I had seen of the old home land in three long, weary years. That journal falling in my way was one of those strokes of chance which we call improbable in fiction, but which in reality direct the destinies of our lives. Suddenly I started back as a short paragraph met my gaze:

"It is expected that the trial will take place about the 17th prox., at the central criminal court of Clement Grimston, now under arrest for the murder of Mr. Leeson at Rotherhithe about three years ago."

Oh, God! This was what I dreaded. An innocent man was about to suffer for my crime, and that man the very one who had saved me—who had screened me from justice!

Without a moment's pause I quitted my Alpine retreat. I had plenty of money still.

Oh, that horrible journey through the continent of Europe. The rattling, roaring of the trains sounded like the voices of demons rushing through my brain. So slow, so slow! Should I ever reach there?

Ah! Paris at last, the gay city that I had once so dearly loved, but the looks of all things were changed to me now. I was speeding on—to my death!

The channel, Dover, London; bustling, noisy, smoky Charing Cross, another spot fraught with pleasant memories.

"Yes, cabman, the Old Bailey! Drive like wildfire, and you shall have a sovereign!"

I rush wildly into the gloomy, solemn old court, where the sensation loving crowd are gazing at the prisoner, whom they think the guilty one. And now that I have come to the end of my fearful journey I feel sick, dizzy; the place, the sea of faces swim round about me.

"What shall I do? What shall I say? If I come forward and tell my strange story, I shall surely be put down as a madman, but it must be done. Suddenly my attention is arrested by the man in the witness box. He is a short, thick-set fellow, with a cunning face. I fancy I remember dimly to have seen him somewhere before. He is answering questions, making a statement, and his evidence is creating a profound sensation. Of so much I am conscious.

"My name is Ebenezer Startup," he is saying. "I was a publican by trade and kept the Fighting Cocks at Rotherhithe. I have known the prisoner for some time, and he knowed my 'ist'ry. I remember Mr. Leeson too. He were a young gent in some sorter trouble. His right name was Clayton." I started. This was my wife's maiden name. "Prisoner came one night with another gent, a Mr. Lestrange, who was mad drunk. They was in the clubroom. Then Mr. Leeson comes, and there was 'igh words 'tween 'im and Mr. Lestrange—leastways Mr. Lestrange did most o' the talk. T'other one seemed surprised like. They locked themselves in, but there was a 'ole in the door for Buff meetin's, and I saw all that passed. Prisoner knows I did and paid me to keep quiet, but oof became irregular, and my conscience prompted me to turn queen's evidence. I was a heyewitness o' the crime. Prisoner kep' in the background and 'ardly opened his mouth, but he shoved a barker into Lestrange's 'and, and Lestrange didn't use it. I b'lieve 'e were too drunk and too wild with passion to notice, and Grimston fired it over his shoulder and shot Leeson dead!"

What happened after this I cannot tell. I was innocent, thank God, innocent, and so overwhelming was the joy that I swooned.

* * * * * * *

When I returned to consciousness, I found myself in a strange room, being watched over by—my own wife, who gazed down anxiously and tenderly into my face. It was as though the last three years had never been and that we had simply taken up again the broken threads of our lives.

There were yet more discoveries in store for me. My suspicions of my wife had been utterly groundless. The hapless Leeson, or Clayton, was her own brother, who, fleeing from justice for forgery, I believe, had sought for help from his sister.

Clement Grimston had been an arch enemy from the first under the guise of friendship. There had been some old family quarrel between him and Clayton and while murdering him he had made me the victim of his crime.

"Oh, Adela," I said, "how I have wronged you! Will you ever forgive me? Toward you I am guilty."

But I knew I was already forgiven. My wrongs and sufferings had pleaded for me, and the past was wiped out.—Buffalo Times.

New York's Coal Bin.

A prominent New York coal merchant, while showing a Pittsburg friend about New York on the occasion of the latter's first visit to the metropolis, took him to the top of one of the very highest buildings in town and pointed out to him the different objects of interest that could be seen. The western man took in the beautiful view of the bay and then looked northward over miles and miles of roofs and chimneys, over the vast expanse of street and park, business buildings and dwellings, and then turned to his friend with the remark that the most astonishing thing to him was that it was so clear. Not a blot of smoke marred the landscape, clear and brilliant in the sun of a brilliant winter day. New York was clean and neat and the greatest possible contrast to the dingy and grimy cities of the west, where the use of coal is not restricted to certain kinds.

The coal dealers of New York are legion and the business has grown to immense proportions. The ease with which coal can be shipped to New York and unloaded in order to get it to the market with the least possible handling has contributed to a great extent to the success which New York coal merchants have attained.—New York Mail and Express.

The Wheel Caught the Fox.

One day toward night, while I was passing through a wooded section of the country close to the broader line between Connecticut and Massachusetts, a red fox suddenly dropped into the middle of the road. The soft gliding motion of the rubber tires did not attract his attention until the cycle was within a rod of him. Then with a wild scamper he started on a dead run toward a distant swamp. The creature was fleet of foot, and he swept down the dusty road rapidly, turning his head occasionally to watch the strange apparition following him, and he laid his body almost flat upon the ground in his endeavor to outrun the new pursuer. But it was no use. The wheel slowly overhauled him, foot by foot, and the front wheel almost brushed his bushy tail before he acknowledged defeat. Then, with a half sob and yelp, the creature jumped clean over the adjoining ditch and landed safely on the nether grassy bank. The wheel flashed past him, and he remained seated upon his haunches watching it until out of sight, probably the most astonished fox that ever roamed the woods.—New York Post.

Foot Warmers.

A Portland citizen tells about a pious speculation in foot warmers, way back in the thirties, when churchgoers depended on little individual box stoves to keep their toes from freezing. These were about a foot square, the frame of wood, the side of wire netting or cast iron perforated, and with a deep sliding pan in which were placed about three pints of hot hard wood coals, or sometimes charcoal. Every family group going to church would carry several of these stoves. Finally the janitor of the second parish, a Mr. Leech, undertook to take charge of all stoves for $1 each during the winter. He would bring them to church every Sunday morning, full of live coals, and place them in the pews where they belonged. As he had 50 or more of the toe ticklers to care for, he must needs have had a big bank of coals to draw upon.—Portland Times.

What is the difference between an educationist and an educator? On page 1887 of the International Dictionary are these two records: "Timothy Dwight, American educationist," etc., and "Charles William Eliot, American educator," etc.

Mexican Indians press a firefly against a piece of paper, when it resents the insult by producing a brilliant light extending over several inches. The smallest type may thus be read.

BEST with a big B. Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham is in a class by itself. You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco

Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

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From Lithia Springs, Ga. Popular Prices.

CONTAINS MORE LITHIA

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The Only Known Solvent

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BOWDEN LITHIA WATER is guaranteed to cure all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Rheumatism, Insomnia, Gout and Nervous Dyspepsia. Posta Card brings illustrated pamphlet.

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For the above Celebrated

"PURITAN,"

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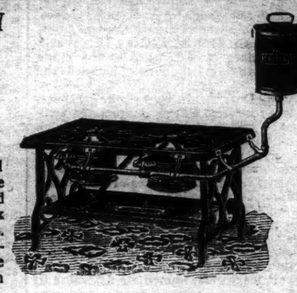
OIL COOKING STOVES.



Assortment of sizes received this day. Without doubt these are the finest goods of the kind now on the market. Our Buck Stoves are still leading all others. We can state without fear of contradiction there is nothing on the market that can compare with them.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. jy 10 tf

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THE "CHAMPION" MOWER.

This Machine, with one pair of Horses or Mules and a driver, will cut

Ten Acres in a Day.

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These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

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The Mineral Springs,

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Offers Superior Advantages

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College for Young Ladies and Preparatory School for Girls. Regular and elective courses. Music and Art specialties. Conducted by School Sisters of Notre Dame. Charles St. Ave., Baltimore, Md.

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Fayetteville Military Academy,

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COL. T. J. DREWRY, C. E., Principal.

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Three Assistant Instructors—all degree graduates and experienced teachers. Apply for Catalogue.

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Board from $12 to $15 per month, tuition fee for half session, $17.50; medical fee, $3. Students willing to teach two years in the public schools pay only the medical fee and are charged $10 per month for board, fuel, lights and washing. Full Collegiate course. Next session begins October 1st, 1896. Send for catalogue.

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A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at

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Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.		STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	8 20	Goldsboro	11 35	.....
.....	4 13	Kinston	10 32	.....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 30
6 37	6 42	Morehead City...	8 01	8 07
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a m, and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 3.00 p m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.

ma 27 tf

LE BRUN'S FOR EITHER SEX. This remedy being injected directly to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet. Cure guaranteed in 1 to 3 days. Small plain package, by mail, $1.00. Sold only by

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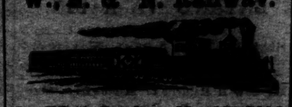

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
No. 45	No. 15		No. 77	No. 35
A M	P M	—Wilmington—	P M	P M
7 00	3 10	Lv... Surry street ...Ar	12 30	8 25
8 20		Ar... Jacksonville ...Lv		12 05
11 00	6 56	Lv. ... Ar	10 00	10 25
11 00	4 30	Lv... Maysville ...Lv	10 00	9 15
12 10	4 44	Lv... Pollocksville ...Lv	9 35	8 10
1 20	5 15	Ar... Newbern ...Lv	8 20	6 50
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 9 and 10 run make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
†Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
*Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. my 22 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT June 20, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53 a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 p m, Wilson 12.50 p m, Rocky Mount 1.55 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.35 p m, Petersburg 5.20 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.00 p m; Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.58 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.58 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 2.36 p m, Warsaw 2.43 p m, Goldsboro 2.56 p m, Wilson 10.33 p m, †Tarboro 7.05 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 3.58 a m, Richmond 5.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.32 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 5.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 6.45 p m, Chadbourn 8.19 p m, Marion 8.39 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.50 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.58 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.09 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.05 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 5.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.30 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.38 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.19 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.35 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 5.45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m, Florence 8.50 a m, Marion 9.31 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.28 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.53 a m and 3.40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9.53 a m and 6.30 p m, arrives Washington 11.25 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.00 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 7.30 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.30 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 11.30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a m, arrive Latta 9.34 a m, Dillon 9.56 a m, Rowland 9.53 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6.06 p m, arrives Dillon 6.26 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.25 p m, leave Conway 2.30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.40 a m and 9.20 a m, arrive Darlington 9.20 and 9.50 a m, leave Darlington 9.40 a m, arrive Cheraw 11.50 a m. Wadesboro 1.30 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 2 p m, Cheraw 3.40 p m, Darlington 7.45 a m and 6.05 p m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m and 6.50 p m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floys 7.30 a m, Darlington 8.45 a m, arrive Florence 8.10 a m. Returning leave Florence 9 a m, Darlington 9.30 a m, arrive Floys 9.50 a m. Trains leave Gibson 6.15 a m, Bennettsville 6.41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m, Sumter 9.30 a m. Returning, leave Sumter 6.30 p m, Darlington 8.15 p m, arrive Bennettsville 9.09 p m, Gibson 9.35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.06 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7.12 p m, leave Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.39 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.10 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 3.35 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.35 p m. 1.07 a m. Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.35 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.49 a m, Smithfield 12.27 p m, Selma 12.34 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 12.35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4.25 a m, Creston 5.21 a m, arrive Denmark 6.30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4.17 p m, Creston 5.16 p m, Sumter 6.05 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 p m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 2.50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.15 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.15 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.35 a m and 5.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Asst Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. je 23 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington

ONEIDA, Saturday, Aug. 15
PAWNEE, Wednesday Aug. 19
CROATAN, Saturday, Aug. 22

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN, Saturday, Aug 15
ONEIDA, Saturday, Aug. 22
PAWNEE, Wednesday, Aug. 26

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA, Tuesday, Aug. 18
PAWNEE, Saturday, Aug. 29

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THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. aug 12 tf

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EVERYBODY TO CALL AND TRY THE best Whiskey, Wine and Beer in the city. Mixed drinks a specialty. Fine Cigars, &c. French Cafe

A. P. LEVY, Manager, 117 Princess street.

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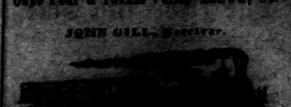
Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT APRIL 12, 1896.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No. 1.		No. 2.
1 52 p. m.	Ar... Wilmington ...Lv	7 30 a. m.
4 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	10 55 p. m
4 55 "	Ar. Fayetteville ...Lv	10 45 "
4 59 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	11 05 "
5 13 "	Lv ... Seaford ... Ar	12 32 p. m
5 23 "	Lv..... Climax ..... Ar	12 22 "
7 00 "	Lv... Greensboro... Ar	3 56 "
12 55 "	Ar.... Greensboro.... Lv	3

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, AUG. 16, 1896

DEMOCRATIC HEADQUARTERS

Will Be Established at Chicago With a Branch Office in Washington City — Committee Appointed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—At 4 o'clock this afternoon Chairman Jones gave out the following:

"A part of the campaign committee, sufficient to conduct the business of the campaign for the present, has been appointed. The gentlemen selected so far are John R. McLean, Ohio; D. T. Campau, Michigan; J. D. Johnson, Kansas; Clark Howell, Georgia; B. B. Smalley, Vermont, and Mr. Sahan, Illinois.

"Mr. J. L. Norris has also been selected as assistant treasurer of the Democratic National Committee, to be called at Washington. Other appointments will be made as occasion requires.

"The Executive Committee will be appointed later.

'Mr. Gorman was requested to accept a place on the Campaign Committee. He declined because of the selection of Chicago, as he could not very well go so far from his own State. He will, as a member of the National Committee, engage actively in the campaign, in his own and neighboring States."

Before leaving his home this afternoon Chairman Faulkner, of the Congressional Campaign Committee, said that the campaign book of the National Democratic Committee was in a forward state of preparation and would be ready for general distribution within three days after the reception of the letter of acceptance of Mr. Bryan.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

The Visible Supply of Cotton—Crop in Sight—New York Sun's Review of the Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 15.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 1,886,178 bales, of which 1,074,978 bales are American, against 2 604,880 and 2,-383,630 respectively last year. Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns, 20,424 bales; receipts from the plantations, 16,027 bales; crop in sight, 7,003,-646 bales.

The *Sun* says: Cotton declined two to four points, rallied and advanced eight to nine, but lost part of the improvement, closing quiet and steady, at a net advance of five points on most months; August advanced fifteen points. The sales were 780 000 bales.

Cotton causerie: There was a slight decline in prices at the opening, but the loss was quickly recovered and an advance followed. Liverpool was lower and the spot sales there were small, while the receipts of new cotton were liberal, but on the other hand bad crop reports continue to be received by the bushel and there appears to be no let-up to the drought in the southwest. To-day the official weather report showed good rains in the Carolinas and Georgia, but there was no moisture worth speaking of reported in the drought-stricken districts. It was stated that Neill Bros. will issue a bullish circular and this report had a stimulating effect on the market to-day. The signal service predicts continued fair weather, with the exception of possible local showers on the coast of Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana during the next thirty-six hours. The *Chronicle's* weather report was bullish. The South bought here.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

September Wheat Closed Unchanged—Corn and Oats Higher—Pork Products Closed at an Advance

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, August 15—Cash wheat was steady. September wheat opened at 55c, sold between 51¼@54⅝@55⅛c, closing at 55c—unchanged from yesterday.

May corn opened at 26¾c, sold between 27c and 26⅝c, closing at 26⅞c @27c—½@⅛c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was steady at about yesterday's ruling prices.

May oats closed ¼c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were firm.

Provisions—The hog market was up 5@10c this morning, thereby inspiring the provision trade with some confidence. The opportunity to sell proved alluring, however, and professionals offered freely, causing subsequent weakness and a material loss from the opening point. Before the close a rally took place, "shorts" doing considerable buying. January pork closed 2½c higher; January lard and ribs each 5c higher.

CROPS IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Report on Condition of Cotton, Corn, Tobacco and Rice.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 15.—The State crop report, issued to-day and based on returns from one thousand correspondents, gives percentages condition for August as follows: Cotton 90, against 74 last August; corn 90 against 93; tobacco 85, against 86; rice 88, against 81. The report says that with continued favorable weather, like that of this week, the real conditions may improve from now on. Many reports on cotton came before the full effects of the drought and heat became known, and it is believed that the condition as given is several points too high.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Roanoke—Roanoke 10, Hampton 4.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg 6, Cleveland 0.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia 2, Baltimore 4

New York—New York 6, Washington 9. Second game—New York 9, Washington 5.

Cincinnati—Cincinnati 7, St. Louis 3.

Louisville—Chicago 4, Louisville 2.

Boston—Boston 8, Brooklyn 3.

Richmond—Richmond 17, Norfolk 1.

Portsmouth—Portsmouth 3, Lynchburg 8.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 24@25c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 51¼@1 60.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 15.—Spirits turpentine firm at 21@22; sales — casks Rosin firm; sales — barrels: B, C, $1 25, D, E $1 30, F $1 30, G $1 35, H $1 40, I $1 45, K $1 50, M $1 55, N $1 60, W G $1 70, W W $1 75.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 15.—Spirits turpentine steady at 23¾, with sales of 150 casks; after the close of the market there were sales of 500 casks at 23½c; receipts 1,868 casks. Rosin firm; sales 3,000 barrels; receipts 3,139 barrels; A, B, C, D, E, F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 55, I $1 60, K $1 65, M $1 70, N $1 80, W G $1 85, W W $3 00.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, awaken the kidneys and liver to a healty activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds, or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

BRYAN'S VACATION.

HE WILL TAKE A REST OF TEN OR MORE DAYS.

Mr. Sewall Returns to Maine—Later Movements to be Governed by the Campaign Committee.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 15.—Mr. and Mrs. Bryan left New York by the 10 45 Croton local on the New York Central Railroad for Irvington on the Hudson, escorted by J. Brisbin Walker, whose guest they will be until Monday next. They were accompanied by Mr. Sewall and a small host of newspaper men and women.

None of the arrangements announced yesterday had been altered. After spending Sunday at Mr. Walker's place Mr. Sewall will return to Maine and Mr. and Mrs. Bryan will go to Red Hook, Duchess county, for a vacation of ten days. Their later movements will be governed by the plans of the campaign committee.

There was little or no demonstration at the Grand Central depot, although the hour of the Presidential candidate's departure had been widely announced. Perhaps 150 persons were gathered to see him and they pressed around and crowded the entrance way. Mrs. Bryan smiled sweetly and Mr. Bryan lifted his hat in response to a mild cheer, and then the party hurried through the gates to the train.

Before leaving Mr. St. John's house Mr. Bryan had a brief talk with the reporters who were waiting to see him off. He said that he knew when he came to New York it was to face an antagonistic press, and he had received better treatment than he expected. He congratulated himself that none of the editorials published in this city had referred to him as an Anarchist since he arrived. He knew that they had done so previously, and was delighted to believe that he had at least partially eradicated that sentiment regarding him.

CUBAN FILIBUSTERS

Unable to Escape the Vigilance of U. S. Authorities—The Three Friends and the Commodore Overhauled by Revenue Cutters.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., August 15.—The steamer Three Friends left Jacksonville last night, presumably on a filibustering trip to Cuba. It is expected that a great quantity of munitions was in the hold of the vessel covered by coal. At 3 o'clock this afternoon the Three Friends reached the mouth of the St. John's and tried to cross the bar, but found the passage barred by the United States revenue cutter Boutwell, Capt. Kilgore ordered the Three Friends to come to, and the order was obeyed. A lieutenant was then sent on board the Three Friends. The expected filibuster has remained at the bar all day in charge of the lieutenant and it is not known when she will be released.

This afternoon the cutter Boutwell came up to Jacksonville from the bar. Captain Kilgore, of the Boutwell, and Captain N. B. Broward, were at once brought ashore. Captain Broward was asked if he was under arrest and he said he was not. He was then asked where was the Three Friends, and he said down the river, with the mate in charge. He also said an officer of the cutter was in charge of the tug and had Mate Lewis, of the tug, under arrest. Captain Broward did not think that there would be any trouble, as he emphatically said: "I have nothing on board except coal and ship stores."

On the steamship Seminole, which arrived this morning from New York and Charleston, were twenty-five Cubans, who boarded the vessel at Charleston and who were to have been put off at Mayport, where it is presumed they were to make connection with the Three Friends this morning. The presence of the Boutwell, however, knocked the scheme in the head and instead of landing the men the Seminole had to bring them up to the city. At the dock they were met by Dr. J. L. Romero and other Cuban sympathizers, and were taken from the vessel to some place in the city. They were all fine looking men and were well supplied with baggage and parcels. They were a portion of the men who have been in Charleston for some time waiting for the Commodore expedition, which has been held in check and kept from going to sea by the revenue cutter Colfax.

CHARLESTON, S. C., August 15.—The steamer Commodore, which has been lying in this harbor for some time loaded with arms and ammunition and watched by the revenue cutter Colfax, went to sea at noon, closely pursued by the cutter. About 4.30 o'clock the Commodore and the cutter returned to the harbor and anchored in about the same positions they had left. No information could be gathered out of the Government officials or the Commodore people as to what happened at sea. The Commodore led in the race out and back.

HON. HOKE SMITH

Says That All Democrats Should Support the Nominees of the Chicago Convention.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

AUGUSTA, GA., August 15.—Hon. Hoke Smith, Secretary of the Interior, replying to an invitation to attend a Bryan-Sewall ratification meeting at Augusta, after expressing regret that he cannot be present, says: "To opinions which I then expressed on the financial question, I still adhere; but I also had occasion then to say that when the National Democratic Convention had named candidates for President and Vice President, no matter what might be the action of the convention upon the financial question, all Democrats should support the nominees. This position I then believed to be correct, and I am prepared to sustain it with equal sincerity now. The Democratic party does not confine its platform to a single issue, nor will its power to serve the people cease with the solution of that issue. It stands for just taxation; for the suppression of monopolies and trusts; for government according to the terms of the Constitution; or the rights of plain people of the land. With us in Georgia it also stands for honesty and capacity in the management of our State and county affairs for the defence of property, home and person. The Democrat who fails to vote for the National Democratic ticket strikes a blow at Democratic State organizations. I urge each Democrat to vote for Bryan and Sewall, even though he may in no wise have participated in the selection of a delegate to the Chicago convention. I can scarcely feel that it is necessary to urge support from those Georgians who took part in the selection of delegates. For myself, I consider that my action when delegates were being chosen fully committed me to support the nominees. I regret that I cannot be with you at the ratification meeting, but I shall be in Georgia later on in the campaign and will endeavor to aid as much as possible toward Democratic success."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

REDUCED RATE WAR.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY VERSUS THE SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Argument Heard in the Injunction Suit Before Judge Simonton at Greenville, S. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GREENVILLE, S. C., August 15.—There are perhaps more prominent and important railroad representatives in Greenville than have been congregated in South Carolina in many years. Every prominent railroad system in the Carolinas, Virginia and Georgia, are represented by their executive officers or counsel and in some cases by both. They have been brought here by the argument before United States Judge Simonton on the novel issue of whether a Federal Court has the right to enjoin railroads from making considerable cuts in their freight and passenger rates. There is now a restraining order in force prohibiting the Seaboard Air Line from carrying into force a cut of 88⅓ per cent., as well as against all railroads belonging to the Southern States Freight Association, prohibiting them from carrying out an 80 per cent. reduction, with which it is proposed to crush out the Seaboard Air Line cut.

The action was brought by the Port Royal & Augusta Railroad, and all railroad interests, not excepting those outside of this territory, are materially interested.

The case began this morning at 10.30, and an adjournment was had at 5 30, after the first argument. Judge Simonton, early in the proceedings, stripped them of everything for the present except the matter of jurisdiction, and the result of the case will be dependent on whether he claims or denies jurisdiction in enjoining the parties to the rate cutting.

The bill, which was presented by Mr. Smythe, recites the parties to the suit and then enters into a history of the placing of the vessels of the Baltimore, Chesapeake & Richmond Steamboat Company on Chesapeake bay, and it is to this competition between the new line of steamers and the Bay Line that the original fight is due. The S. A. L. cut the rate 88⅓ per cent, because of the fact that it took the position that the Southern wished to force its connecting line of steamers out of business on Chesapeake bay and this was met by a cut of 80 per cent. through the Southern States Freight Association, of which the Southern Railway is a member. The bill alleges that if such rates were permitted to go into effect that the result would be a perfect demoralization of all rates, bringing disaster not only upon all railroads operating in the said territory, but also to all the business interests of the country; that the commercial prosperity of the country depends in a very large degree upon the stability of rates and upon their maintenance by the several transportation companies; that this war of rates will tend not only to demoralize all railroad rates, but will work ruin to those engaged in commerce by unsettling values and putting at a ruinous disadvantage all who had purchased and shipped prior to such reduction to those purchasing after.

The bill recites many other grounds.

The bill recites many other grounds for the interference of the court. Returns were made by all of the railroads interested, the principal ones being those of the Southern Railway, Atlantic Coast Line, Seaboard Air Line and H. S. Haines, commissioner of the association.

The Southern takes the position that the 80 per cent. cut would have restored rates on the line, it being a heroic measure, and that the 35 per cent. reduction made by the Seaboard Air Line was to ruin the Southern Railway and others; that the said cut was a conspiracy and combination on the part of railroads operating under the name of the Seaboard Air Line and Baltimore Steam Packet Company, and was illegal because of the reason and purpose of the cut, and that the eighty per cent, cut was defensive entirely. It further charges that the Baltimore Steam Packet Company and the Seaboard Air Line entered into a close and intimate connection, the object being to consolidate; that the Southern attempted in every way to avoid the necessity of the contest proposed by this competitor while standing out for its ally, the Baltimore, Chesapeake & Richmond Steamboat Company. It is this new competition alone that the Seaboard is attempting to prohibit.

The Seaboard Air Line, on the other hand, contends, among other things, that it does not control or direct the operations of the Baltimore Steam Packet Co., that company controls itself; that the Southern owns and controls all lines into Atlanta excepting the Seaboard Air Line and the Western and Atlantic. The answer then goes on to show that the Bay Line offered every inducement to keep the Southern from running a line on Chesapeake bay and charged that the placing of the line had as its ultimate object by the Southern in obtaining said line of steamers to break down its sole competitor for eastern business. It takes the position that the Southern is the controlling factor in the Southern States Freight Association which is a conspiracy and illegal combination, discriminating against the Seaboard Air Line. It charges that the Port Royal & Augusta, being a member of this association, should not complain of its action, as by its vote the 80 per cent. reduction could have been prevented, and that in any event that road is not called upon to be the guardian of the public and that its proposed reduction of 88⅓ per cent. was not ruinous.

The Atlantic Coast Line also made reply.

The only argument heard to-day was the question of jurisdiction, to which Judge Simonton said he would confine the issue for the present. Mr. Henry A. M. Smith, of South Carolina, who appeared for the Seaboard Air Line, made the first argument. In brief, he took the position that the Inter State Commerce Commission was the proper tribunal for the hearing of such cases, and that it has statutory power for the hearing of such matters; that the court had never been asked to interfere except on an unreasonable rate, and that an unreasonable rate was never complained of on a reduced rate, and that the court had no right to interfere, as it was purely a legislative function. The court had no right, he argued, to interfere with legitimate competition. There was no Federal question involved, and the railroads interested were not Federal corporations, and that the court was without jurisdiction to interfere in competition; and further, that all the persons affected were not within the jurisdiction of his court and that an order on his part could not be made effective to prevent competition, and that if the Seaboard Air Line through competition wrough an injury to the Port Royal road, it had its redress, as the Seaboard was a solvent corporation.

On Monday the arguments will be resumed, when Judge Henderson will be heard for the Southern, Mr. Smythe for the Port Royal & Augusta, Mr. Watts for the Seaboard, and perhaps others, as Judge Simonton has indicated that he desires to hear all possible argument on the question of jurisdiction.

Employes of the Adams Express Company in New York and Jersey City, went on a strike yesterday. The men complain that they were made to work too many hours and that old employes were discharged for no other purpose than to reduce wages. Between 500 and 600 men are effected.

Marcus Daly's brown colt Ogden won the futurity stakes at the Sheepshead Bay races yesterday; the richest event on the American turf.

DEMOCRATIC CLUBS.

Call Issued by Chauncey Black, President of the Association, to Meet in St. Louis.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—The following call was issued this afternoon by Chauncey Black, president of the National Association of Democratic Clubs.

The second quadrennial convention of Democratic clubs is, by direction of the executive committee, hereby called to meet at St. Louis, Mo., at noon on Wednesday, September 30th, 1896.

Each Democratic club, league, or Democratic society on the roll of the National Association, will be entitled to one delegate for each hundred members in good standing; but no club or society will be entitled to more than five delegates. Wherever the clubs or societies of any State or Territory, including the District of Columbia (no less than ten in number), have formed State, Territorial or District associations, or shall hereafter or have done so, such association will be entitled to eleven delegates-at-large.

This call is respectfully addressed to all popular organizations under any name which support Bryan and Sewall or fusion tickets in behalf of the Democratic candidate for the Presidency, and which may seek enrollment with this association for the purpose of intelligent and general co-operation in the pending campaign.

It may be announced, from information received at these headquarters, that the present campaign will be in large measure a campaign of clubs, and that the approaching convention to be held in the heart of the controlling States will be one of the greatest political assemblages in the history of the world. It will show the power of the people in their home organizations and demonstrate, in advance, the overwhelming triumph of their cause, despite the mighty interests openly syndicated upon the other side to crush and destroy it.

Organized Bryan clubs of every name and description are cordially invited to escort their delegates to the city and convention hall, where ample accommodations for such bodies will be reserved outside the seats occupied by the delegates. Mass meetings and entertainments will be under the control of St. Louis committees, in co-operation with the executive committee of this association.

The following from Senator Jones, chairman of the National Central Committee, to Hon Chauncey F. Black, under date of August 7th, was made public to-day in connection with the call:

"My Dear Sir: In view of the great services rendered to the Democratic party in the past by the organization of which you are president, I take the liberty of writing you to urge that you push the organization of clubs with all possible energy in all the States of the Union. If you can have clubs organized in every township and school district in the country and in every ward in the cities and towns, you will, in my opinion, accomplish great results for the Democratic party.

"Please give immediate attention to this most important matter and urge upon your State and county organizers, in all sections of the Union, the necessity for prompt and energetic action."

WEEKLY STATEMENT

Of the Associated Banks of New York City Showing Cash Holdings, Loans, Etc.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 15.—The weekly statement of the Associated Banks shows the following changes: Reserve, decrease, $4.415,400; loans, decrease, $3,119,400; specie, increase, $817,200; legal tenders, decrease, $7,175,800; deposits, decrease, $9.770,800; circulation, increase, $826,600. The banks now hold $9.400,175 in excess of legal requirements.

The total cash holdings of the New York Clearing House banks, according to the statement for the week ending August 15th, 1896, are $136,948,5000. Of this amount nine banks alone hold $58,-085,300, or over 45 per cent. In view of this condition, it is not surprising that there is a continued tendency to call in loans, as some of the institutions are below the legal reserve and the demand for funds from the interior is not diminishing. The excess reserve of the Clearing House banks is $9.400.175 or lower than it has been for over two years, but when it is recalled that during the corresponding week three yrears ago, the banks were $12 045.800 under legal requirements, their immeasurably superior standing at present will be better understood. In fact, the bank statement for the current week is unusually logical, and shows the effect of changes that have been going on for over two weeks past. The loss in cash for the week was $6.858,100, and the contraction in loans was $3.119.400. This makes a total item of $9,977.500 directly affecting deposits, and as the decrease in the latter item was $9,770,800 the statement almost exactly balances. The decrease in loans probably reflects the liquidation enforced through the necessity of replenishing reserves, and the loss in cash represents the heavy demand on the banks from the interior, which has been a factor in the situation for several weeks past.

A feature of the statement was an increase of $826.600 in circulation. Of this amount the Fourth National Bank seems to have been responsible for $545.200 expansion, while the remainder is divided among various banks in smaller amounts.

The decrease in the reserve for the week, owing to operations outlined above, was $4 415.400.

There seems to be no probability that the statement next week will show results much different from those of the current week; and the period of higher money rates will probably continue until automatically adjusted, either by an easing of the situation through domestic measures, or the attraction of foreign money by the employing interest rates.

NEWS OF THE NAVY.

Admiral Bunce's Fleet En Route to New York to Meet Li Hung Chang.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—A dispatch received at the Navy Department this afternoon announced the sailing of Admiral Bunce's squadron from Hampton Roads at 2 p. m. to-day, for the Southern drill grounds, which lie on the line between Block Island and the capes of the Chesapeake. The fleet consisted of the New York, Indiana, Amphitrite, Newark, Cincinnati, Columbia, and the Raleigh, which joined the squadron from New York a few hours before sailing time, and the tender Fern, to which the Admiral will transfer his flag temporarily at sea to permit the New York to go in the line and take part in the drills. The battleship Massachusetts was detained to-day, getting coal and ammunition, but will follow the squadron and join in a day or two. The entire fleet after about a week's evolutions will rendezvous at Tomkinsville, Staten Island, under orders from the Department, on August 25, to prepare for the reception three days later of Li Hung Chang, who it is expected will review a parade of the ships a few days after his arrival in this country.

IT IS A FACT that Hood's Sarsaparilla, the One True Blood Purifier, has proved over and over again that it has power to cure even when other medicines fail to do any good.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable and do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c. †

REPUBLICAN ADDRESS

To the Voters of That Party in North Carolina—Urged to Support Russell and McKinley—No Joint Canvass.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 15.—The Republican State Committee to-day issued an address to the voters of that party in the State, declaring that the new election law which was enacted by the Populists and Republicans fusion must be kept in force. That fusion should be maintained, and Republican voters are urged to fuse with the Populists in all counties where practicable, on county and legislative officers, with the understanding that the members of the Legislature of both parties shall support the nominee of the Republican caucus for United States Senator, so that each party shall have one Senator; urging the immediate formation of McKinley and Russell clubs; declaring that, owing to the ill feeling likely to be engendered, there ought to be no joint canvass of the leading candidate; that Russell must be supported in his candidacy for Governor by the party of the State; that Russell will not be withdrawn in the interest of any other candidate; as testimony of good faith with Populists, their nominees, with the exception of Governor and Auditor, are accepted and abiding and untiring support pledged to their heartily endorsing the national platform and action of the National Convention in selecting McKinley and Hobart, and pledging them and the platform earnest support and declaring the firm belief that by wise and proper management they will be given North Carolina's electoral vote.

CHICAGO FAILURES.

Liabilities Aggregating $330,000—Hard Times and Slow Collections the Cause.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, August 15.—Failures of three large firms having intimate financial relations occurred to-day involving liabilities aggregating $330,000. The concerns are George O'Berne & Co, leather dealers; Henry M. Hoscock, one of the best known and oldest wool dealers in the city, and the Chicago and Western Soap Works, with factory and office at Kingsbury and Superior streets. This last named concern was formerly known as O'Berne, Hoscock & Co., but changed its title in the early part of 1894.

The assets of George O'Berne & Co., are placed at $300,000, with liabilities of $135 000. The same figures are given for Henry M. Hoscock, while the Chicago and Western Soap Works reports liabilities of $80.000 and makes no statement of assets. The cause of the failure in each case is the same, slowness of collections and the prevailing hard times.

The Chicago Consolidated Iron and Steel Works assigned in the County Court this morning to the Chicago Title and Trust Company. The assets are placed at $800,000, with the liabilities about the same. The plant of the company is located at Harvey, Ill.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Treasury gold reserve at the close of business yesterday stood at $106,070,-056. The withdrawals amounted to $41,700.

A dispatch from Charleston, S. C., says: The steamer Commodore sailed from that port yesterday afternoon and apparently has gone south.

At Beverly, Mass., fire was discovered yesterday morning in St. Mary's Catholic church. Two firemen were severely injured. The building was destroyed. The loss will reach about $95,000; insured.

The Chesapeake and Ohio train which left Washington, D. C., at midnight Friday, ran into an open switch, derailing all but two rear cars. But one man was injured and he only slightly. The track was cleared yesterday morning.

Patti and Her Price.

Of course in this matter of money and music no one needs to be told at this time of day that Mme. Patti is far and away the best remunerated artiste in the world. Patti was the first prima donna who demanded in Paris a nightly salary of 10,000 francs. When it was conceded to her, her rivals preferred the same claims, so that, to keep her supremacy in the operatic market she persistently raised her price to 15,000 francs, which sum she received for each of the three concerts she gave in one week at the Eden theater. And yet Patti began modestly enough. When she made her debut in London in 1862, she was engaged for five years at a salary of £100 a month for the first year, £200 for the second, £250 for the third, £290 for the fourth and £400 for the fifth year, the lady to sing twice a week.

Until her marriage to the Marquis de Caux, Patti never received from Covent Garden more than £120 per night. Considering that the diva gets £800 per concert in London, and that an American contract recently gave her a minimum salary of £1,200 per night, plus expenses and half of all the gross receipts over £2,400, times have undoubtedly changed. During the last 10 or 12 years Mme. Patti's annual average has been about £40,000. To the nonprofessional mind this may seem out of all proportion to the value given and received.—Chambers' Journal.

The Outcoming.

The Philadelphia Record tells of a schoolteacher who was instructing a class of boys in geography. Everything went well until, in order to make the matter plainer, she took an ordinary globe and, pointing to the portion containing the United States, asked her class where she would come out if she should start from Philadelphia and go straight through the earth. She knew they would all say China, but she wanted to see which of her scholars would answer first. She waited fully a minute and no answer came. Away back in the room a grimy hand was finally held up. "Well, David," she asked, "where would I come out if I should go straight though the earth from here?" The silence was growing thicker every second. "Please, Miss Maude, you would come out of the hole," was the reply, and the class in geography was dismissed for the day.

A Ring Island.

Many coral reef islands in the Pacific are in the form of more or less perfect rings, or ovals, inclosing lagoons. Recently a description was presented to the Royal Geographical society of the ring island of Ninafou, halfway between Fiji and Samoa, which is not a coral reef but a volcanic ring inclosing a crater containing a lake two miles in diameter. Toward the sea the ring is bordered with walls of black lava, and on the inner side these break down in cliffs 200 to 800 feet in height. An eruption in 1886 formed a peninsula on the eastern side of the lake. While the ocean outside is trembling and thundering under a heavy wind the lake remains smooth or is simply wrinkled with ripples.—Youth's Companion.

Youthful Discernment.

Johnny was trying to describe to his mother the lady whom he had met at Jimmy's home.

"Was she old or young?" asked Johnny's mamma.

"Well," said the astute youth, "I think if she's married she'd better be called middle aged."—New York Journal.

Byzantine Art.

Not only hundreds of admirable Byzantine churches, but St. Sophia itself, had been completed before the early Christian basilica at Perigueux was begun. When we think what this must have been, with its wooden ceiling and scant, barbaric attempts at ornament, and what St. Sophia is, with the most beautiful dome that has ever yet been constructed and a richness of finely devised and perfectly wrought adornment that has never yet been equaled, can we marvel that any kind or degree of contact with Byzantine art deeply impressed western eyes and often guided western hands? Can we wonder that the churches of Constantinople were copied at Ravenna, or that Charlemagne copied Ravenna at Aix-la-Chapelle and sedulously encouraged the immigration of Byzantine artists? Or is it surprising that, in the tenth century, the Venetians, perpetually in commercial contact with every eastern port, imitated a Constantinopolitan church amid their own lagoons? Between the sixth and the eleventh centuries western art—Romanesque art—was not even sure what it wanted to try to do, while in the sixth century eastern art—Byzantine art—had already conceived and perfected some of the most marvelous monuments of human intelligence and taste.—M. G. Van Rensselaer in Century.

The Tramp's Story.

A tramp appeared at the door of a house in Takoma park yesterday. He was not an ordinary looking tramp. Although ragged, there was an air about him that betokened good breeding. He touched the rim of his battered hat with the grace of a Chesterfield, and the lady of the house gave him something to eat.

"You look as though you had been a gentleman," she said. "I am afraid you are addicted to drink."

"No, madam, you are in error," he replied. "Addicted implies a habit. I am therefore not addicted to either eating or drinking. I was, however, once a gentleman. My downfall came from learning a trade."

"Learning a trade?"

"Yes, madam. I worked at the machinists' trade for five years, and so injured my thumb and forefinger that I could follow my profession no longer, madam."

"What was your profession?"

"I wrote checks, madam."

And even then she did not know what he meant—not until her husband came home and told her why the writing of checks made him have to learn a trade. —Washington Star.

He Was a Little Dutchman.

I heard a good old German giving his little grandson a lesson in English the other day, says a writer in the San Francisco Post. The old man sat tilted back in a chair against the sunny side of the house smoking his pipe, while little Paul played on his lap and the collie Joe frisked about them.

"Come, Yoe! Here, Yoe!" called the little boy.

The old man knew that Yoe was not the English pronunciation of Joe, so he undertook to correct the little fellow.

"No, gran'pa's boy don't say him right," laughed the old man. "You mustn't say 'Yoe.' Say 'Yoe.'"

"Yoe," repeated the child.

"I'm 'fraid, Paulie, you vas a Dutchman und can't say 'Yoe.' Now look at gran'pa und say him right. Say 'Yoe.'"

The child watched the old man's mouth and then repeated "Yoe."

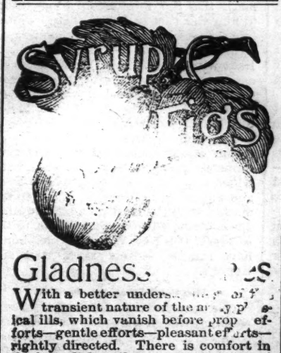
"I t'ink, Paulie, your tongue vas too t'ick. You vas gran'pa's little Dutchman und can't say 'Yoe.'"

Then they both laughed and the little boy called:

"Here, Yoe! Here, Yoe!"

Lung Diseases.

A New York specialist on lung diseases recently prescribed a course of treatment for a woman who was evidently far on the road to consumption. What he told her to take was all sorts of strengthening food, such as rare beef, cream, lots of butter, etc. Besides this he directed her to eat raw eggs beaten up in milk until she could bring herself to take 12 a day. This last regime alone faithfully carried out has, it is believed, saved another consumptive patient to many years of usefulness, and it has helped the first woman greatly as well. —Philadelphia Press.



Gladness ... With a better understanding of the transient nature of the ... gentle laxative, and ... ly removes. That is why ... remedy with millions ... everywhere esteemed ... who value good health ... effects are due to the fact ... one remedy which ... cleanliness ... organs on which it acts ... all important, ... beneficial effects, ... purchase, ... ticle, which is ... California Fig Syrup Co. ... all reputable druggists.

If ... the ... health, and ... laxatives or other ... needed. If afflicted ... disease, one may ... to the most skillful physician ... but if in need of a laxative, one should ... the best, and with the well-informed ... everywhere, Syrup of Figs ... highest and is most largely used ... most general satisfaction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

The Dairy Restaurant No. 25 Market street is now open. Table first class. Open from 6 a. m. until 10 p. m. Give us a call. aug 15 tf

Wanted—A position by a Registered Druggist of two years experience. Address, for references H., care of STAR. aug 13 3t

Photographs—A poor Photograph is one of the poorest things in the world. Remember I guarantee you first class Photos at reasonable rates. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. aug 9 tf

Wanted—Your property on my list, if it is for sale. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, 125 Princess street. ('Phone 256.) jy 19 tf

Wanted—A number of good people to call and see my fine line of Groceries, Watermelons and Cantaloupes received fresh from the farm every day. Chas. D. Jacobs, 217½ North Front street. jy 11 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c31

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c31

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Successors to Katz & Polvogt,

No. 9 North Front St.

Having Taken Stock

We find we have in hand a large lot of

Spring and Summer Goods,

which must be sold, as we need room for our FALL and WINTER STOCK.

For several weeks to come seasonable goods can be had at prices which will insure sales.

We need the room,
You need the goods,
Press the button,
Price does the rest.

New line CARPETS expected this week. Call early and take your choice. Would rather sell at your own price than pack away.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,
aug 16 tf — No. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

We Are Strictly in the Race

Of selling Goods. We are pushing every day. Our Dry Goods sales are splendid, and we want to make them better by adding you to our list of customers. We quote prices and stand by them. Read our list and compare them with other houses. We handle goods of every class, from the cheapest to the best to be had.

Men's solid high cut Shoes at 75c a pair. Splendid Lace and Congress Men's Shoes, from 90c to $1.00, 1.35 and 1 50. Best Calf, Lace and Congress, at $2.00 and 3.00 a pair. Ladies' Slippers at 39c a pair. Women's pebble grain solid Shoes, in Lace, 85c; Button, at 90c, solid in every part.

Men's Fine Pants from 45, 50 up to 75c; nearly all wool, $1.00.

A beautiful line of Men's Suits, from $3.50 to 10.00 a Suit. We can save you at least 25 per cent. on Overclothing. Boys' Pants from 15c to 25, 50, 75c a pair.

Trunks all sizes. Prices from 40c to $8 00 each.

Dress Goods of all kinds. French Organdie, 38 inches wide, beautiful goods, at 12½c. All wool Challie, lovely patterns, at 9c per yard.

Ladies' Sailors from 10 to 15c; bound, 35c; bell crown at 50c.

Face Veiling—A big lot just received from 12½ to 25c per yard.

Laces, all styles, from 15 to 85c per yard. Valencia and Turchon, in cream, white and better.

Ladies' Under Vests reduced to close out. A reduction of 10 per cent. on these goods.

Hemp Carpet, 40 inches, for halls, at 12½c per yard.

Matting from 12½, 15 to 20 and 22c per yard. Rugs, all styles.

Window Shades, 36 by 72 inches, at 15, 20 and 25c apiece. Lace Curtains at 45, 50, 75c up to $3 00 a pair.

Counterpanes and Bedspreads from 50, 75, 98c, $1.00, 1.25. We handle a lovely line of these goods at the right price.

We sell all grades of Plaid Ginghams from 3½ to 5c per yard. Rockingham A at 5c; best Sea Island at 5c, 1 yard wide; Rockingham A A at 4½c.

Good Pants Cloth at 8c; better at 10 and 12½c up to 50c.

Turkish Bath Soap at 18c per dozen.

Butter Milk Soap, 3 cakes in a box, at 9c.

Two cakes of fine Castile Soap at 5c.

And almost everything else you can call for at the One Price Spot Cash Racket Store, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.
au 16 tf — WILMINGTON, N. C.

Special Clearance Sale BY JOHNSON & FORE.

Commencing Monday, the 20th Inst.,

WE OFFER SOME UNHEARD OF BARGAINS.

Your Choice of Ladies' Shirt Waists at 75 cts, Former Price $1.25 to 1.75.

Twenty Pieces 36-inch Percale at 6c Per Yrd.

Lawns at 10c Per Yard, Former Price 15 and 20 cts.

A Few Linens at 30c, Worth 50 and 60 cts,

All Millinery Goods for less than Cost.

Don't Miss the Sale.

JOHNSON & FORE,

Agents Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Underwear. jy 19 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.,

At the close of Business July 14th, 1896, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$402,601 75	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	None	Surplus	15,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	41,250 00	Undivided profits	17,767 01— 56,767 01
Banking House and Fixtures	10,0 0 00	Circulation	37 120 10
Redemption Fund	1,250 00	Total Deposits	493,800 95
Due from Reserve Agents	$54,777 21		
Due from other Banks	48,386 98		
Cash on hand	63,336 62—166,980 21		
Total	$712,687 96	Total	$712,687 96

DIRECTORS:

J. W. Norwood, W. E. Springer,
D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth,
S. P. McNair, E. J. Powers,
Sam'l Bear, Jr., H. L. Vollers,
W. C. Coker, Jr.
J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S. C., G.